

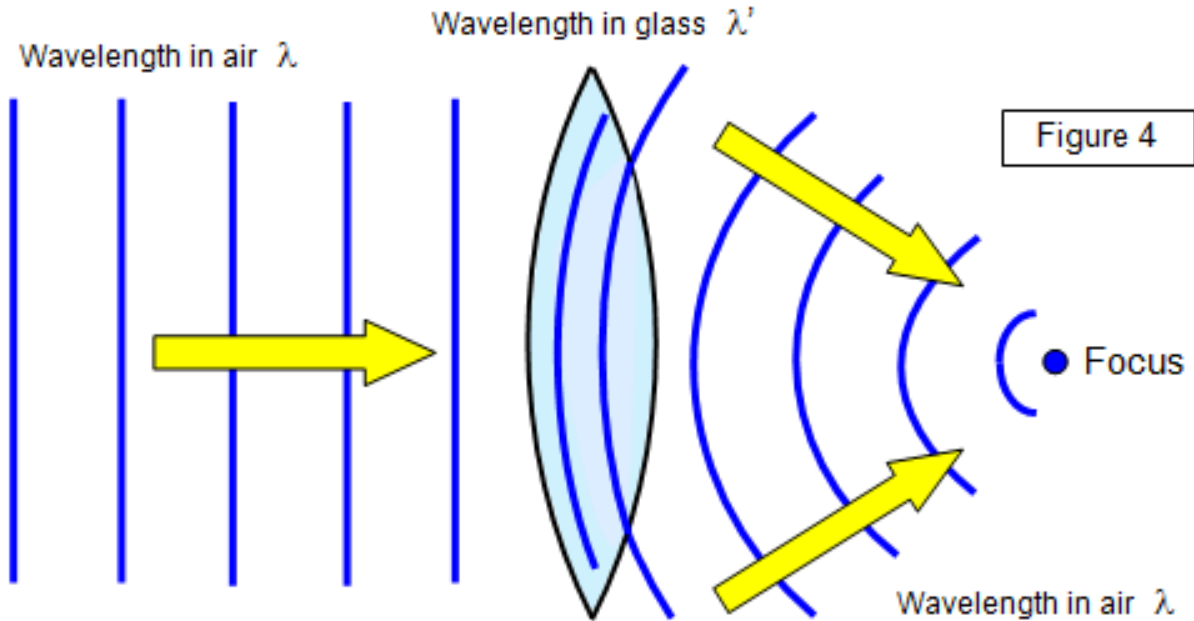
Initial objectives

Employ plasmonic and geometrical resonances to enhance magneto-optical effects ☹️

Investigate layouts for efficient rotation of polarization ☹️

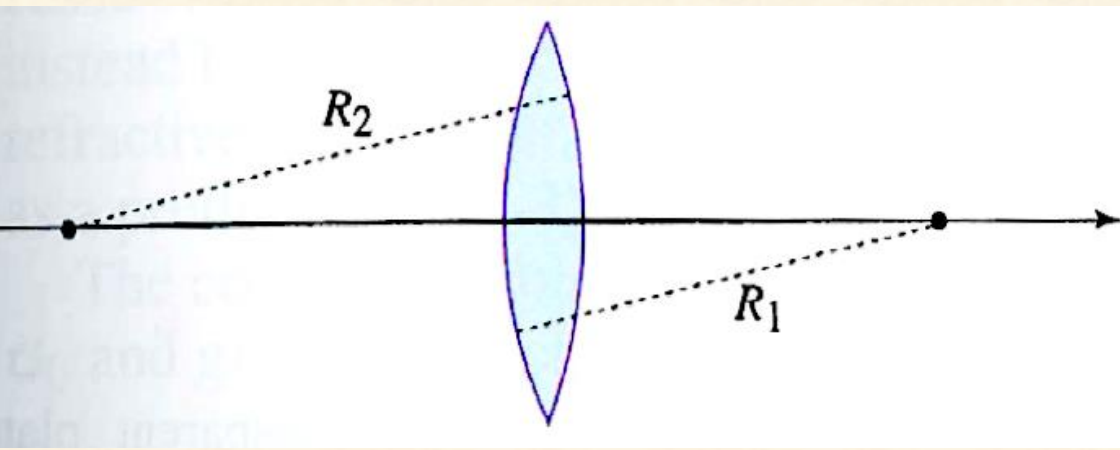
Magnetically tunable lens based on a gradient metasurface 😊

Double-convex lens

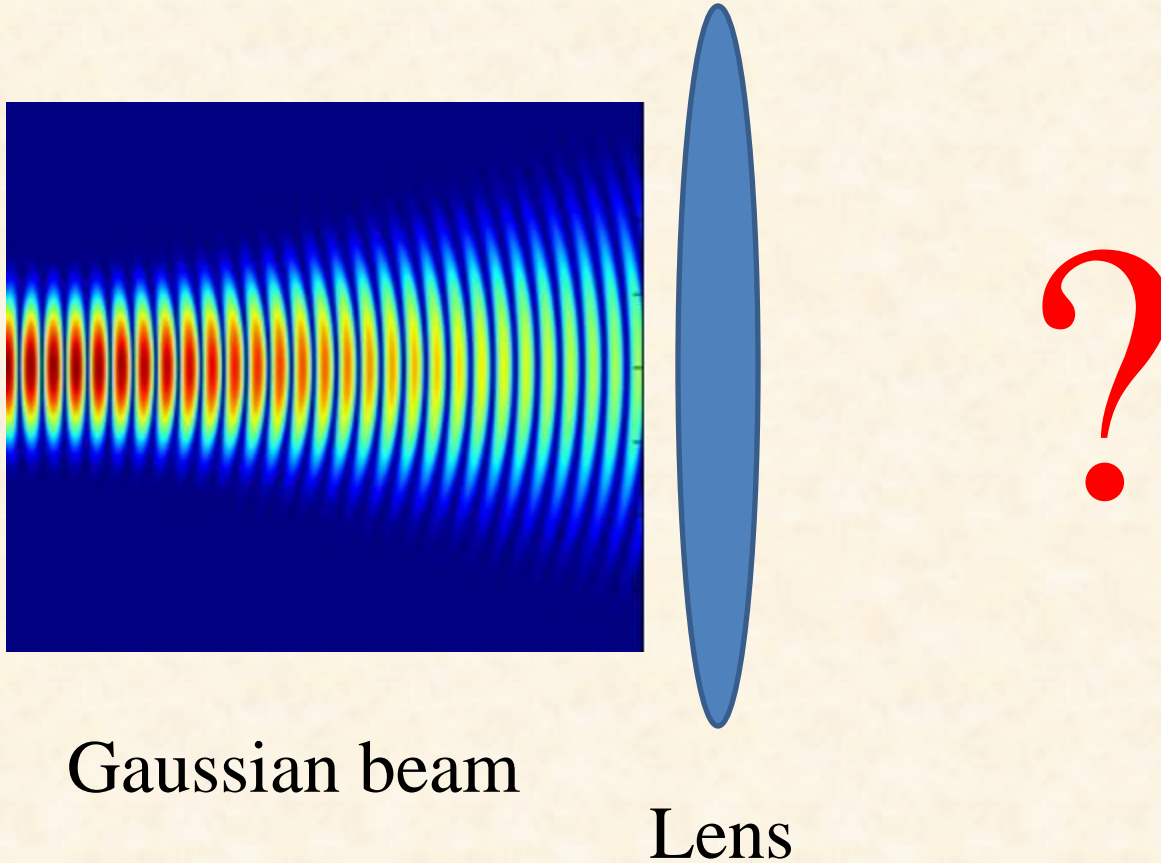


$$\frac{1}{z_1} + \frac{1}{z_2} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\frac{1}{f} = (n - 1) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$$



Transmission of a Gaussian beam through a lens



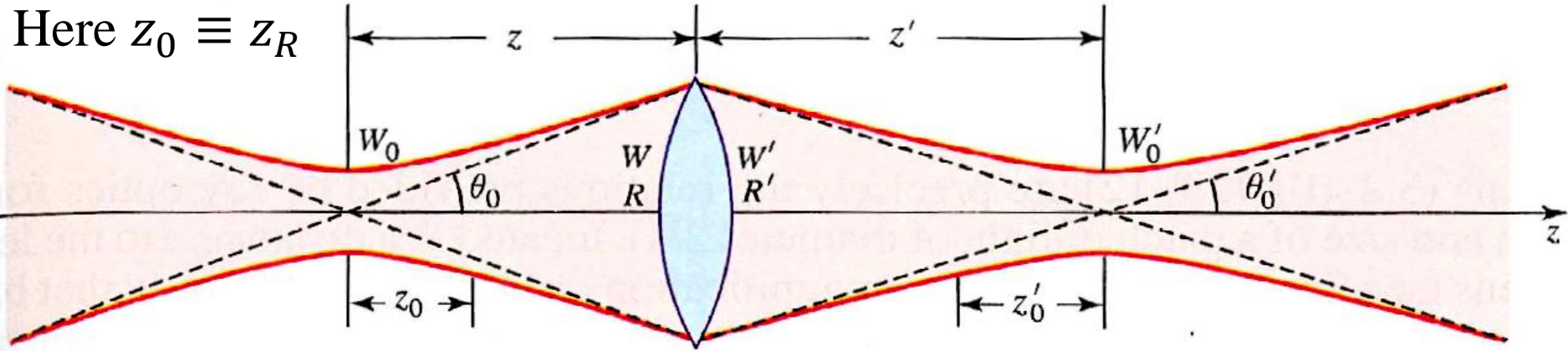
Gaussian beam

Lens

The effect of the lens is an additional phase factor $-\frac{k\rho^2}{2f}$.
The beam width just before and after the lens is the same.

Transmission of a Gaussian beam through a lens: NO PANIC!

Here $z_0 \equiv z_R$



After a lens the total phase reads

$$kz + \frac{k\rho^2}{2R} + \psi - \frac{k\rho^2}{2f} \Rightarrow$$

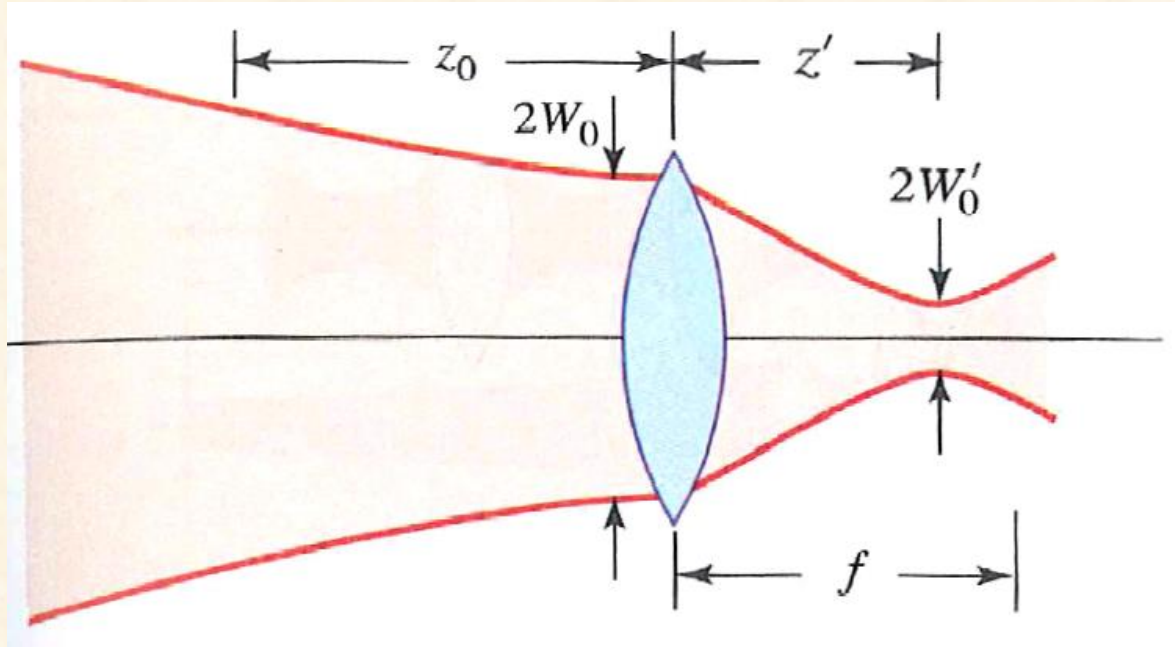
$$kz + \frac{k\rho^2}{2R'} + \psi \quad \frac{1}{R'} = \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{f}$$

$W' = W$
 $R \Rightarrow R'$

new width W'_0
 new focus z'
 new Rayleigh z'_0

Waist radius	$W'_0 = MW_0$
Waist location	$(z' - f) = M^2(z - f)$
Depth of focus	$2z'_0 = M^2(2z_0)$
Divergence angle	$2\theta'_0 = \frac{2\theta_0}{M}$
Magnification	$M = \frac{M_r}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}}$
	$M_r = \left \frac{f}{z - f} \right $
	$r = \frac{z_0}{z - f}$

Beam shaping



A lens at the beam waist

$$W'_0 = \frac{W_0}{\sqrt{1 + (z_0/f)^2}}$$

$$z' = \frac{f}{1 + (f/z_0)^2}$$

Focusing of a collimated beam

$$W'_0 \approx \frac{\lambda}{\pi W_0} f = \theta_0 f$$

$$z' \approx f$$

$$2W'_0 \approx \frac{4}{\pi} \lambda F_L; \quad F_L = \frac{f}{D}$$

