Direct Detection Dark Matter Searches

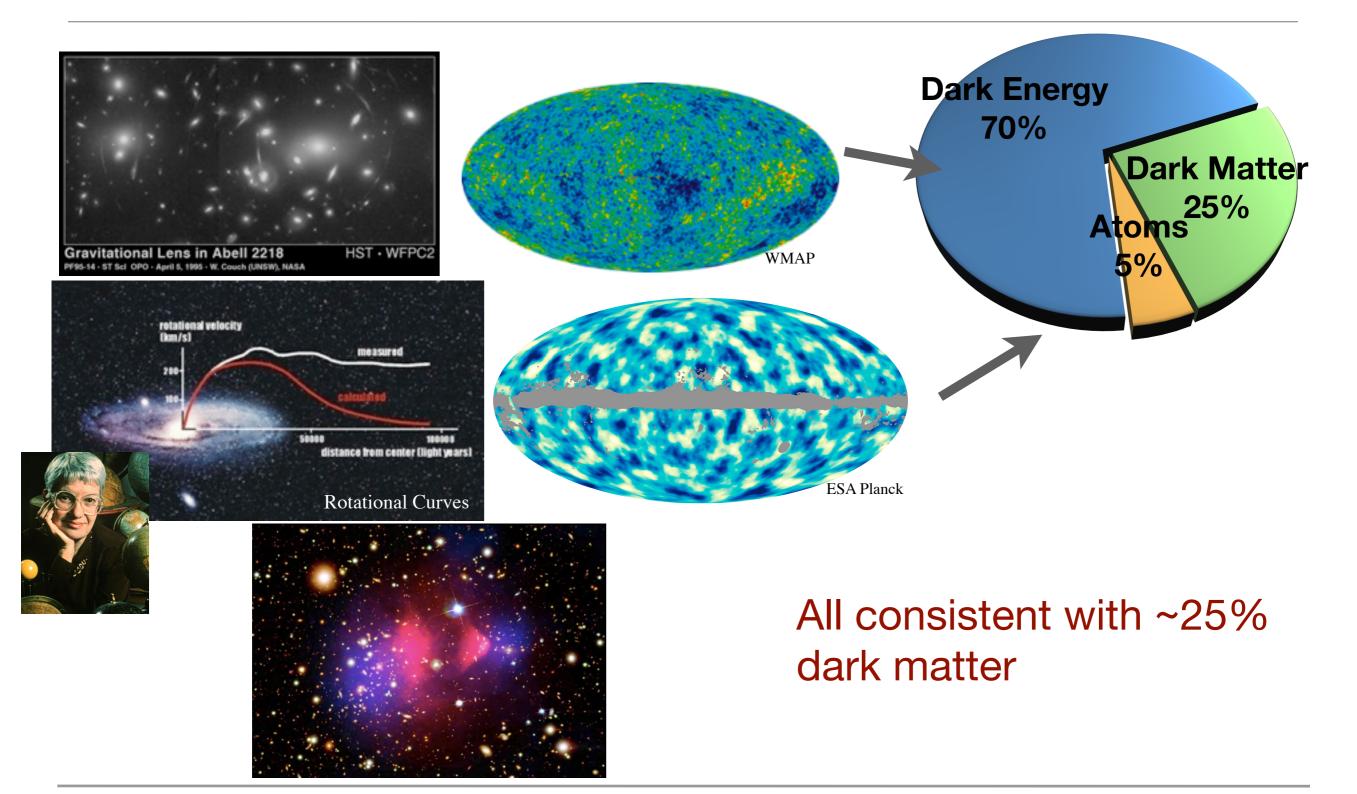
Reina Maruyama Yale University

4th Uppsala workshop on Particle Physics
with Neutrino Telescopes (PPNT19)
7 - 9 October 2019



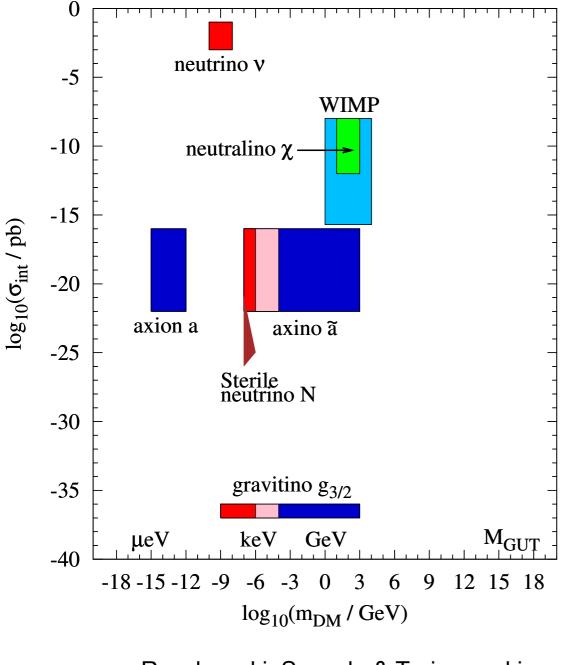
ale

Evidence for Dark Matter



Reina Maruyama | Yale University

Strongly Motivated Dark Matter Candidates



Roszkowski, Sessolo & Trojanowski Rep. Prog. Phys. **81** (2018) 066201

Leading Search Candidates:

WIMPs: <u>Weakly Interacting Massive Particles</u>

- mass of 1 GeV 10 TeV
- weak scale cross sections results in observed abundance
- DAMA, CDMS, LUX/LZ, XENON, PICO, DarkSide, PandaX, ...
- Recent developments for low-mass ...

Axions

- mass ~10⁻³ 10⁻⁶ eV
- Arises in the Peccei-Quinn solution to the strong-CP problem
- ADMX, HAYSTAC, Radio-DM, ABRA, CASPEr, ...

First publication on an underground experimental search for cold dark matter

Volume 195, number 4	PHYSICS LETTERS B	17 September 1987
LIMITS ON COLD DARK FROM AN ULTRALOW I	MATTER CANDIDATES BACKGROUND GERMANIUM SPECTRON	METER
and D.N. SPERGEL ^{d,h} ^a Department of Physics, Boston U ^b Department of Physics, Universi ^c Pacific Northwest Laboratory, R ^d Harvard-Smithsonian Center for ^e Applied Research Corp., 8201 C ^f Department of Physics, Harvard	Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA Orporate Dr , Landover MD 20785, USA University, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA Versity of Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637, USA	KIER ^{d,e} , G. GELMINI ^{f,g,1}
Received 5 May 1987		
realistic model for the galactic hat particles. In particular, a halo dom dent Z^0 exchange interactions) with	meter is used as a detector of cold dark matter candidates lo, large regions of the mass-cross section space are excl inated by heavy standard Dirac neutrinos (taken as an ex th masses between 20 GeV and 1 TeV is excluded. The l asses between 17.5 GeV and 2 5 TeV, at the 68% confiden	luded for important halo component ample of particles with spin-indepen- ocal density of heavy standard Dirac
	Ahlen et al. P	hys. Lett. B 195 , 60

(2012)

Dark Matter Silver Jubilee Symposium

First publication on an underground experimental search for cold dark matter

Volume 195, number 4	PHYSICS LETTERS B	17 September 1987
LIMITS ON COLD DARK		
FROM AN ULTRALOW E	BACKGROUND GERMANIUM SPECTROM	IETER
S.P. AHLEN ^a , F.T. AVIGN and D.N. SPERGEL ^{d,h}	NONE III ^b , R.L. BRODZINSKI ^c , A.K. DRUI	KIER ^{d,e} , G. GELMINI ^{f,g,1}
^a Department of Physics, Boston U	Iniversity, Boston, MA 02215, USA	
 ^b Department of Physics, Universit ^c Pacific Northwest Laboratory, R 	ty of South Carolina, Columbia, SC 29208, USA ichland WA 99352 USA	
^d Harvard-Smithsonian Center for	Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA	
	orporate Dr , Landover MD 20785, USA University, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA	
⁸ The Enrico Fermi Institute, Univ	versity of Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637, USA	
h Institute for Advanced Study, Pri	nceton, NJ 08540, USA	
An ultralow backgro	ound spectrometer is used as a detec	ctor of cold dark matter
e e	halo of our galaxy Using a realistic	
	of the mass-cross section space are e	C
	ticles. In particular, a halo dominate	L. L
	en as an example of particles with s	
x	tions) with masses between 20 GeV	1 1
C C	The avy standard Dirac neutrinos is \leq	
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$\frac{1}{1.5 \text{ GeV } 2}$	and 2.5 TeV, at the 68% confidence	
Dark Ma	tter Silver Jubilee Symposiu	m A Share Versi

In memory of Ron L. Brodzinski

Direct Detection Dark Matter Search Strategies

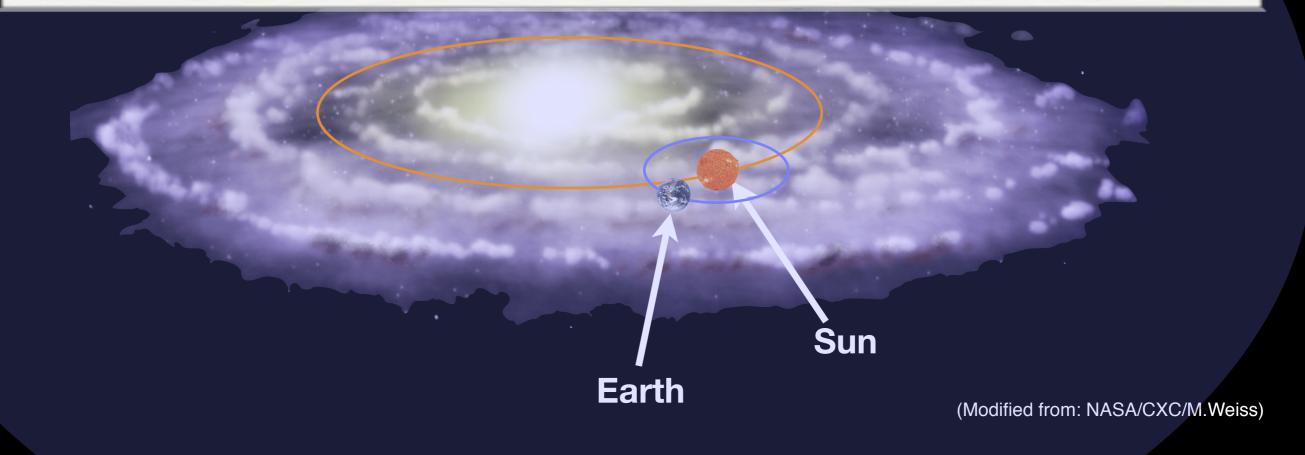
PHYSICAL REVIEW D

VOLUME 31, NUMBER 12

15 JUNE 1985

Detectability of certain dark-matter candidates

Mark W. Goodman and Edward Witten Joseph Henry Laboratories, Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey 08544 (Received 7 January 1985)



Direct Detection Dark Matter Search Strategies

PHYSICAL REVIEW D

VOLUME 33, NUMBER 12

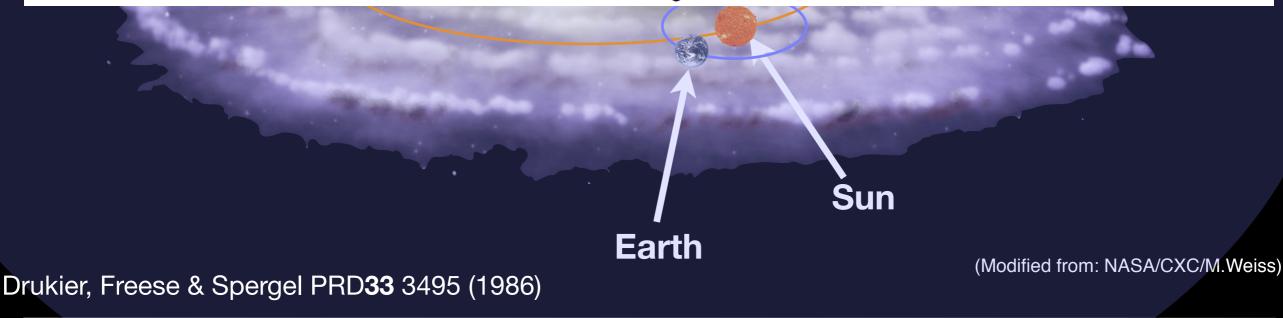
15 JUNE 1986

Detecting cold dark-matter candidates

Andrzej K. Drukier

Max-Planck-Institut für Physik und Astrophysik, 8046 Garching, West Germany and Department of Astronomy, Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, 60 Garden Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Katherine Freese and David N. Spergel Department of Astronomy, Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, 60 Garden Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138 (Received 2 August 1985)

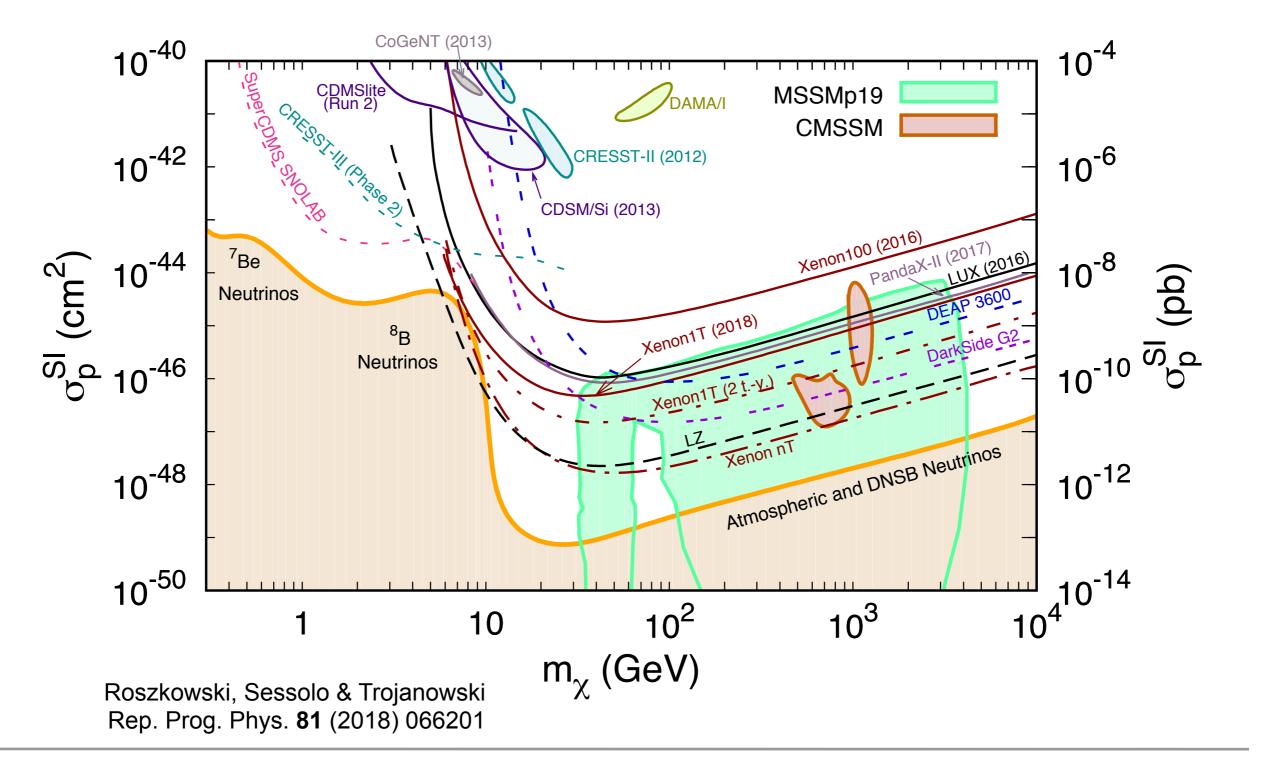


WIMP Searches Around the World



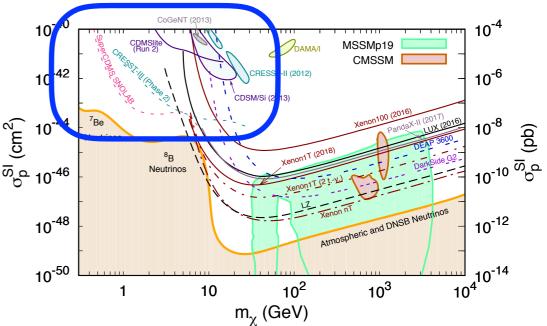
Yamashita, TAUP 2019

Current and Upcoming Experimental Limits

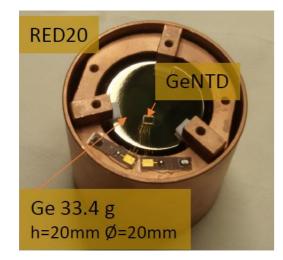


Cryogenic Detectors: Low Mass Searches

- Precision instrument
- great energy resolution & threshold
- Hard to scale up, grams -> ~30 kg
- Most sensitive to low-masses



EDELWEISS



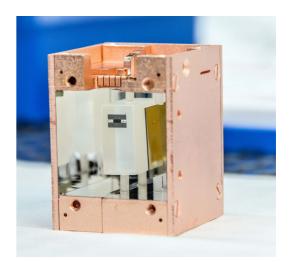
arXiv:1901.03588

SuperCDMS



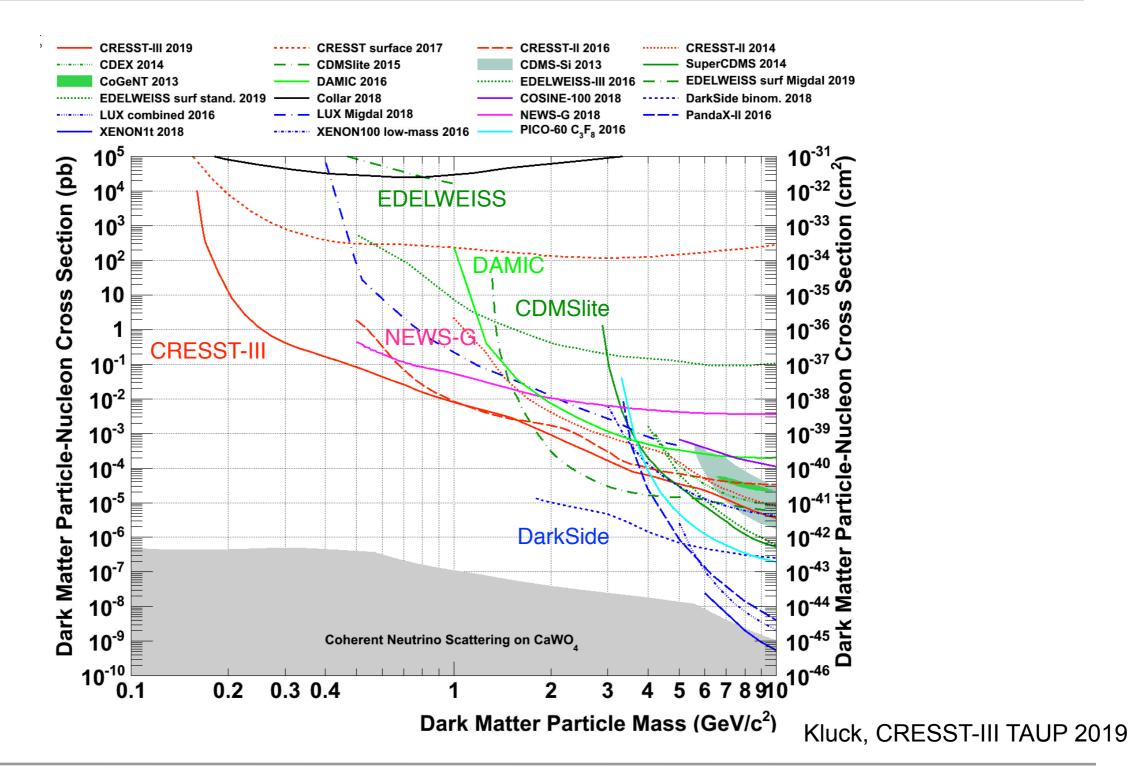
PRD 99 062001

CRESST-III

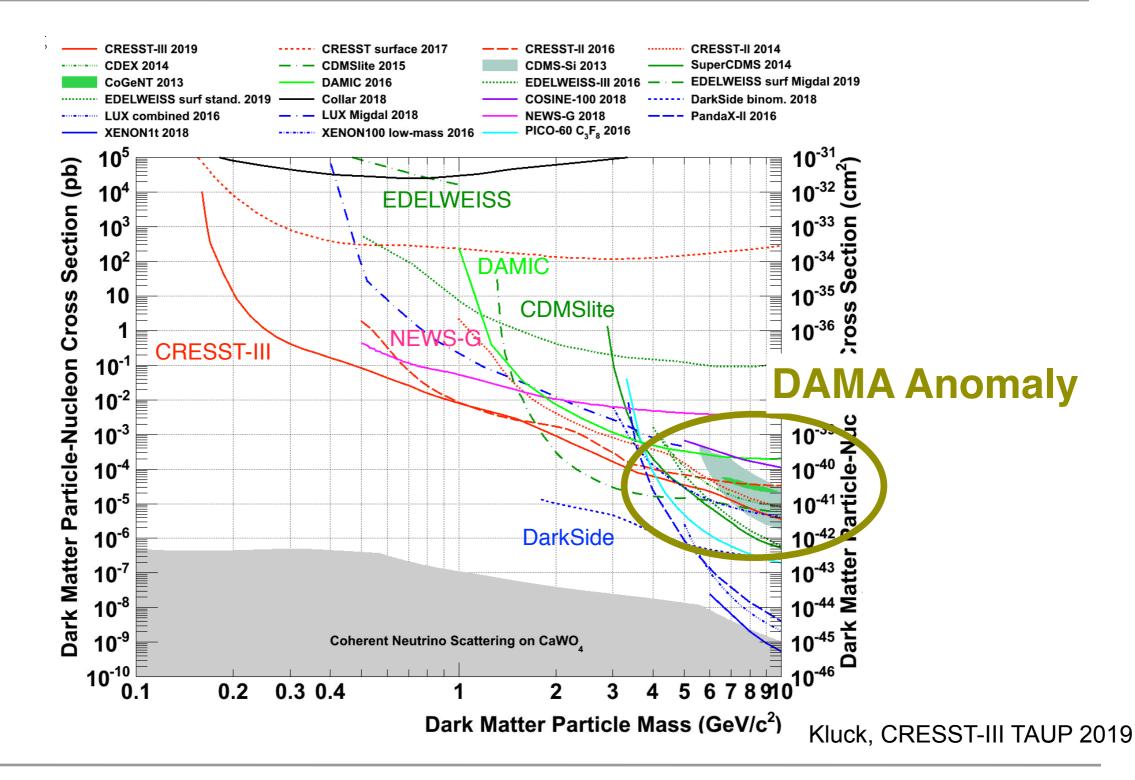


arXiv:1711.07692

Spin-Independent Limits < 10 GeV



Spin-Independent Limits < 10 GeV



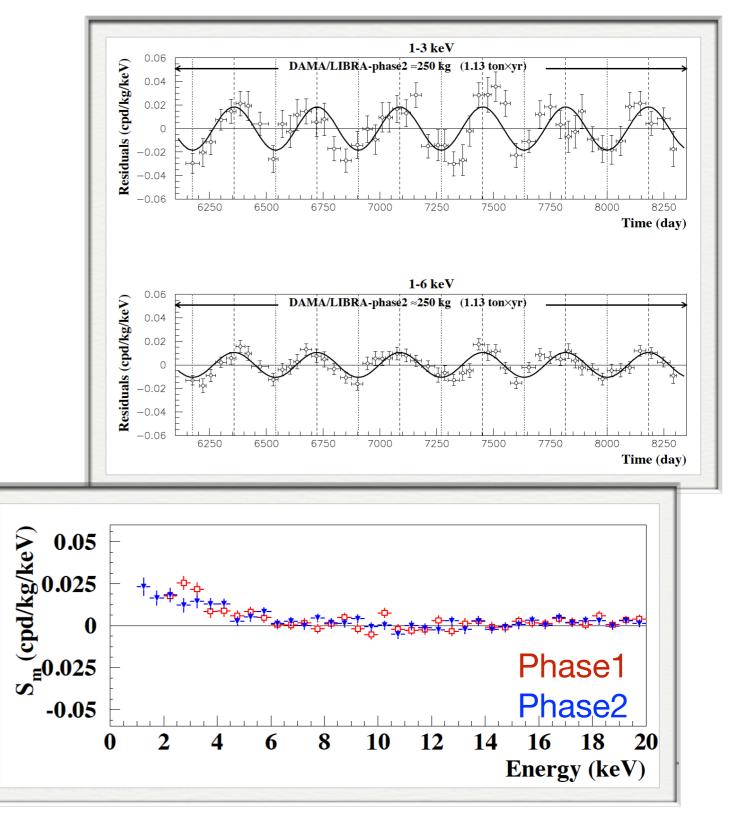
DAMA's annual modulation

Nucl. Phys. At. Energy 19 (2018) 307 arXiv:1805.10486

- Modulation persists in Phase 2
 - 6 more years, 1.13 ton-year
 - Threshold now 1 keV
- (1 6) keV: 9.5 σ from 1.13 ton- year
- (2 6) keV: 12.9σ from 2.46 ton-year

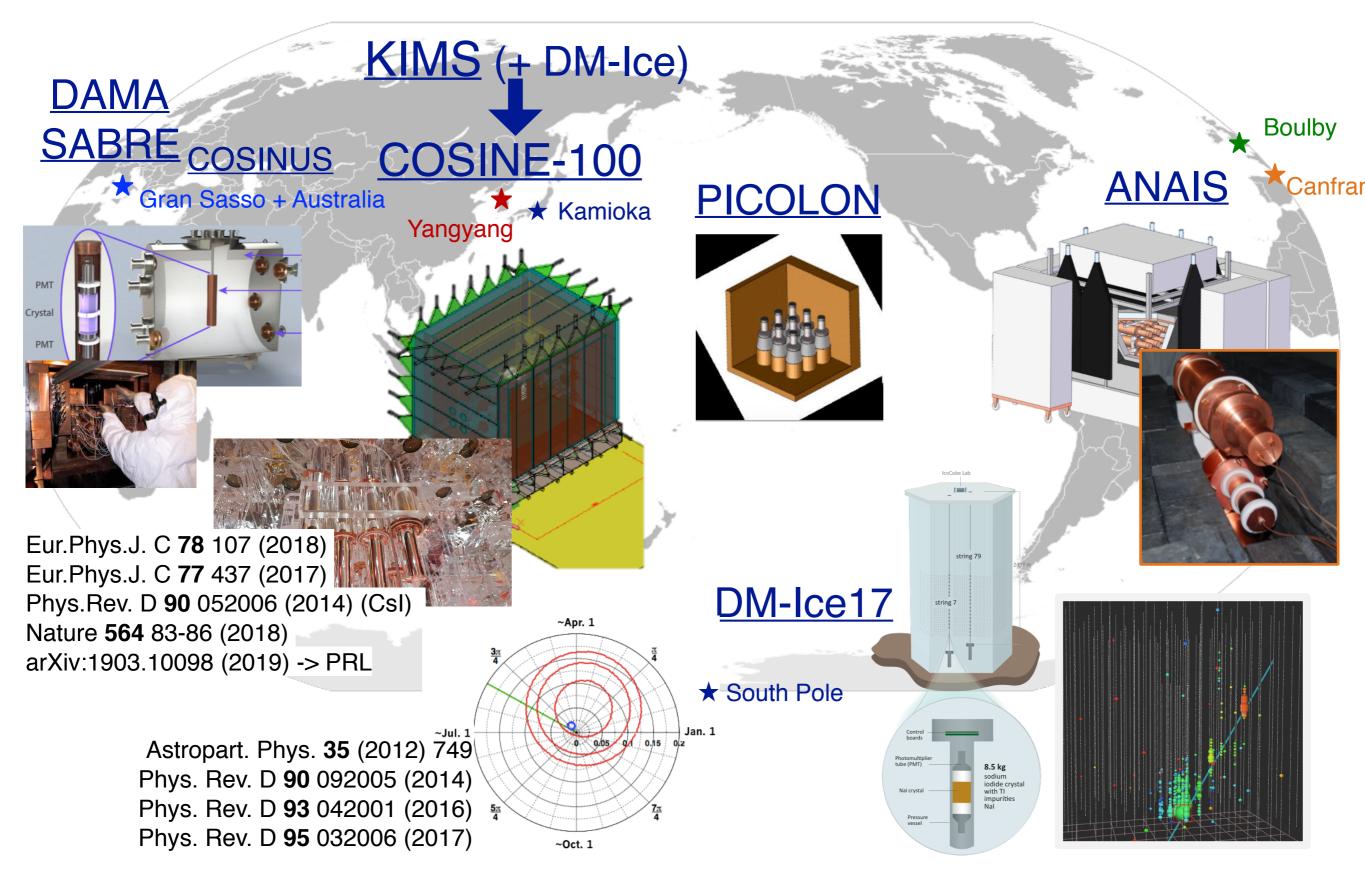


Wright



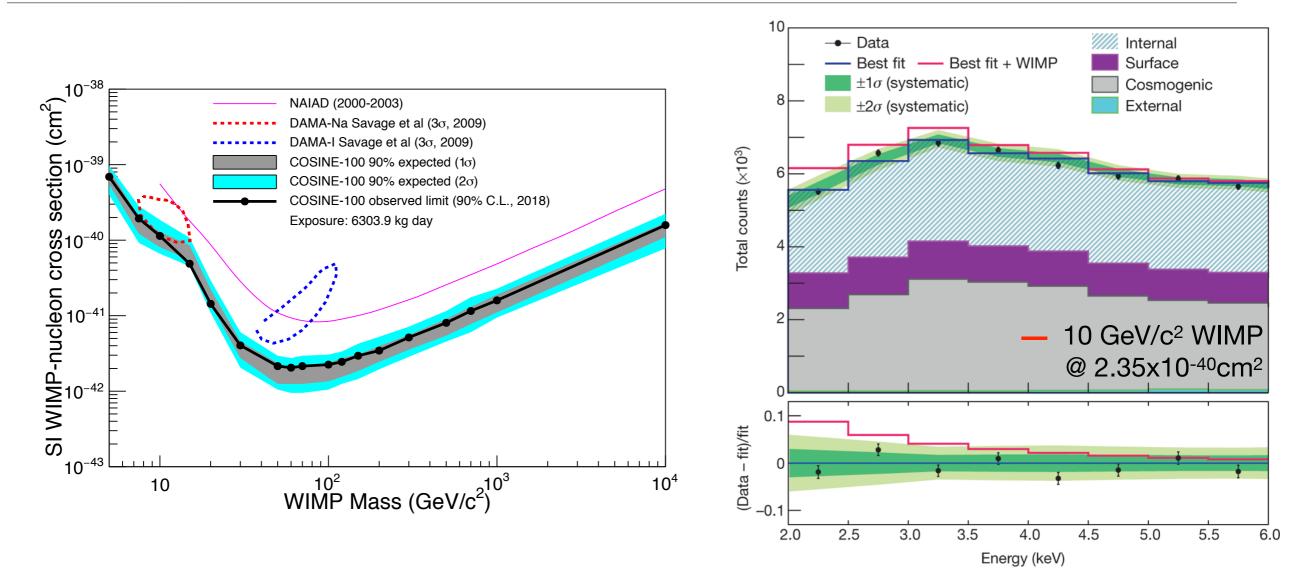
Reina Maruyama

Nal(TI) Experiments



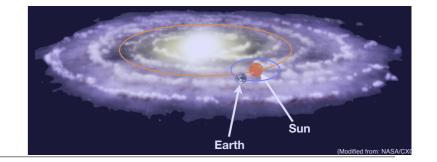
COSINE: Spin-Independent WIMP Search

Nature 564 83-86 (2018)



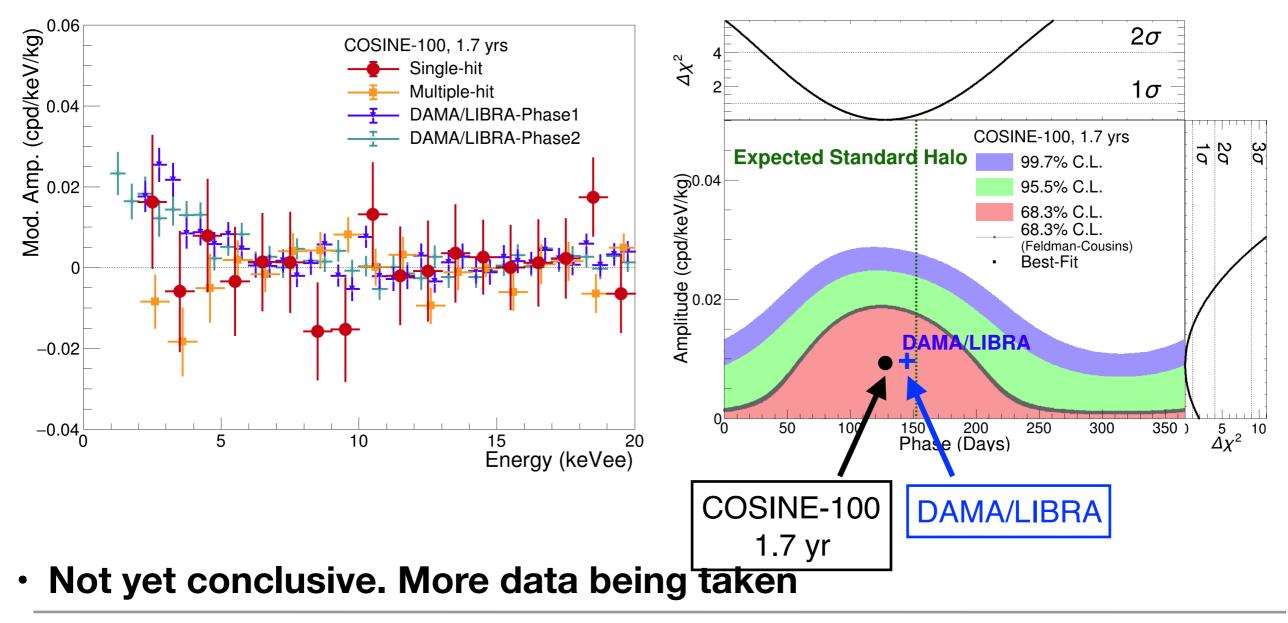
- Exclude DAMA/LIBRA's signal as <u>spin-independent WIMP</u> with NaI(TI)
- Confirms null results from other direct detect experiments with different target medium

Annual Modulation Search



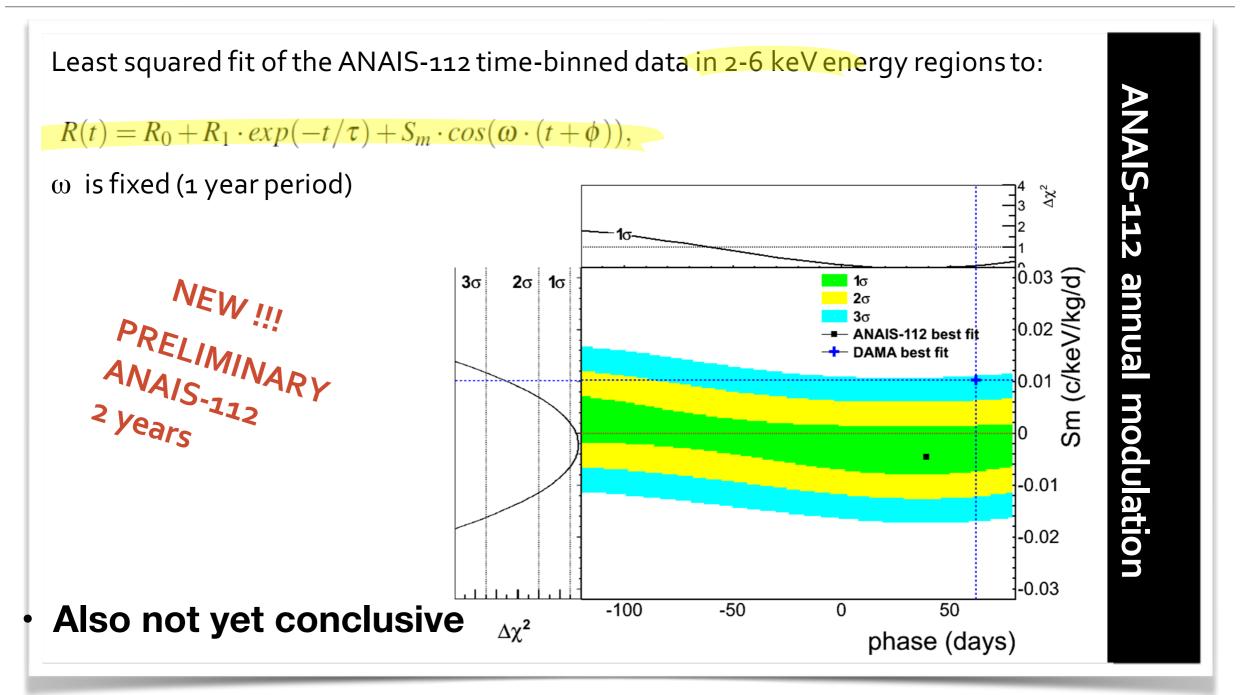
PRL 123, 031302 (2019)

COSINE-100 (1.7 years)



ANAIS-112

1.5 years data published in PRL **123** 031301 (2019)

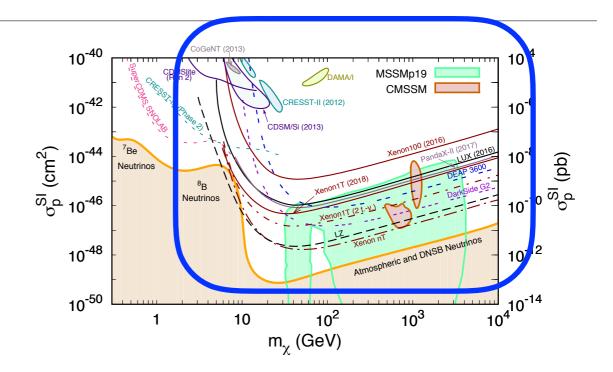


Look for results from COSINE & ANAIS soon.

Sarsa, TAUP 2019

Liquid Noble Gas Detectors: DM > 10 GeV

- Discovery instrument
- 300 1300 kg
- Single or dual phase
- Ar & Xe

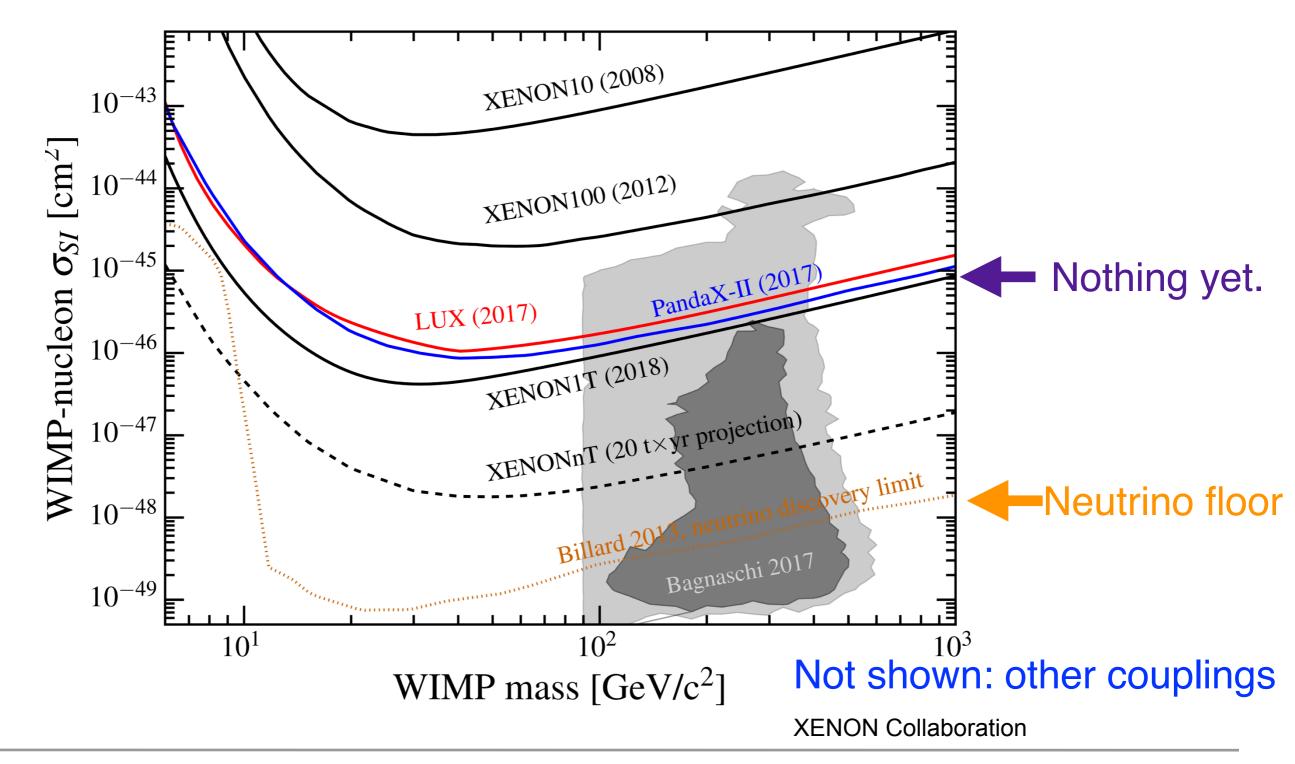


Darkside

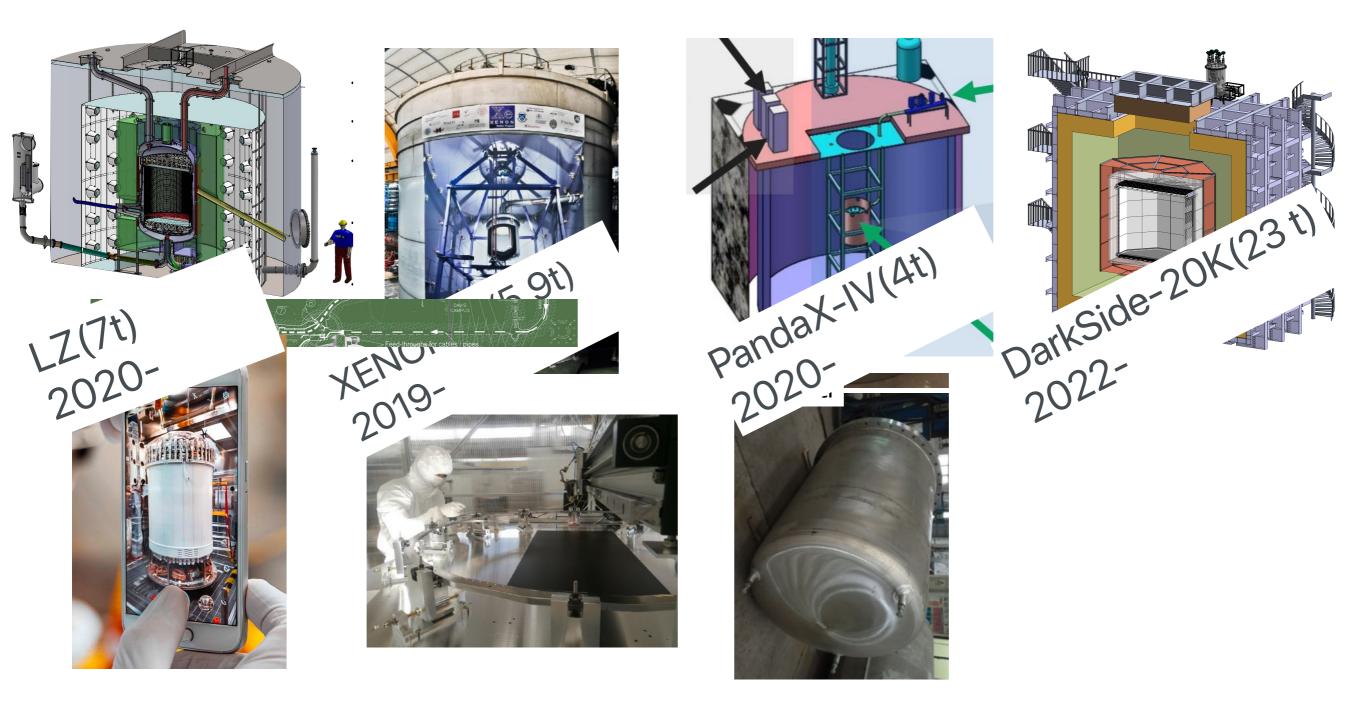


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Spin-Independent Limits > 10 GeV

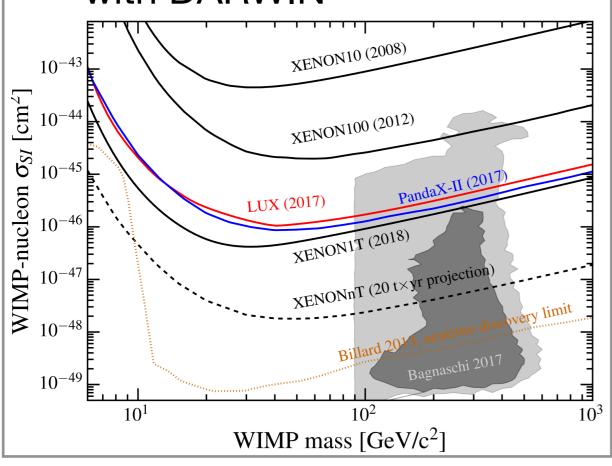


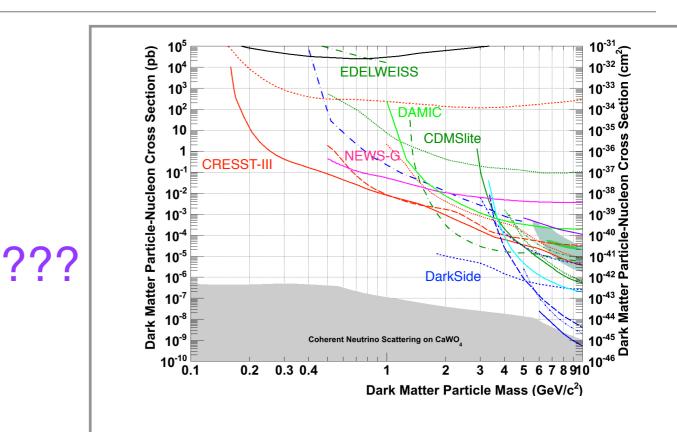
Gen-2 experiments: next 5 years



What might it look like in 2025?

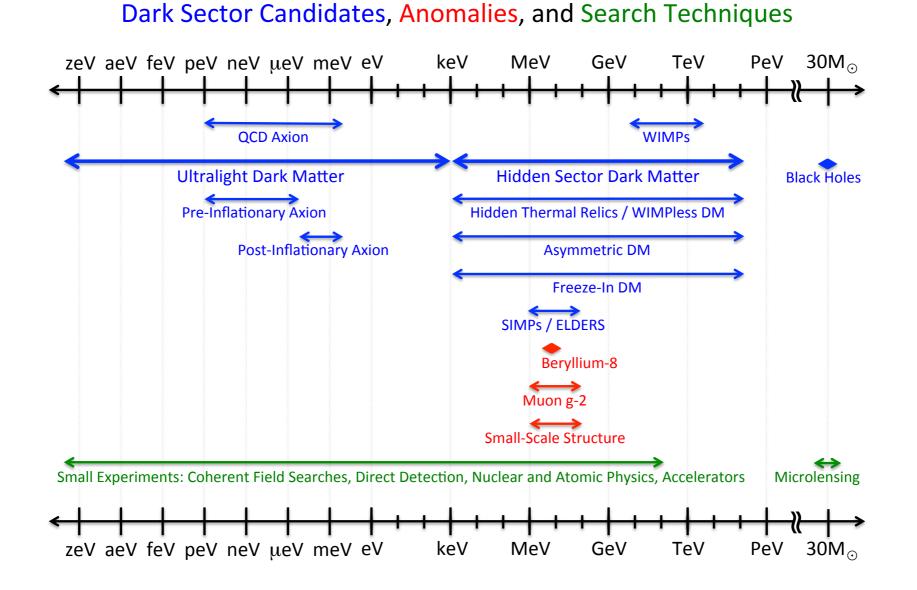
- XENON 1T observes a few dark matter events
- Gen 2 solidifies discovery
- Start precision measurement
 with DARWIN





- we see dark matter events in low-mass searches
- consistent picture emerges out of different nuclear masses
- start precision measurement with larger detectors

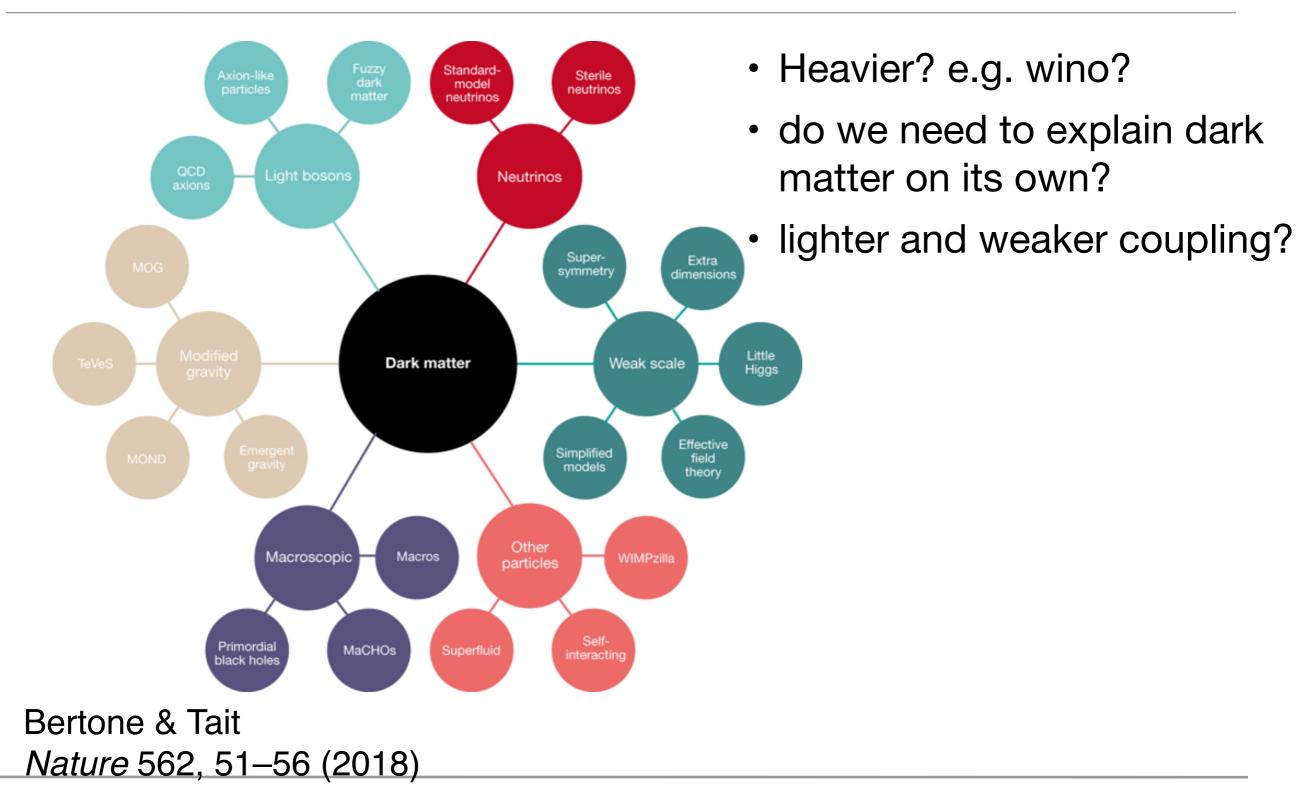
Soul searching for dark matter searchers



US Cosmic Visions: New Ideas in Dark Matter 2017

arXiv:1707.04591

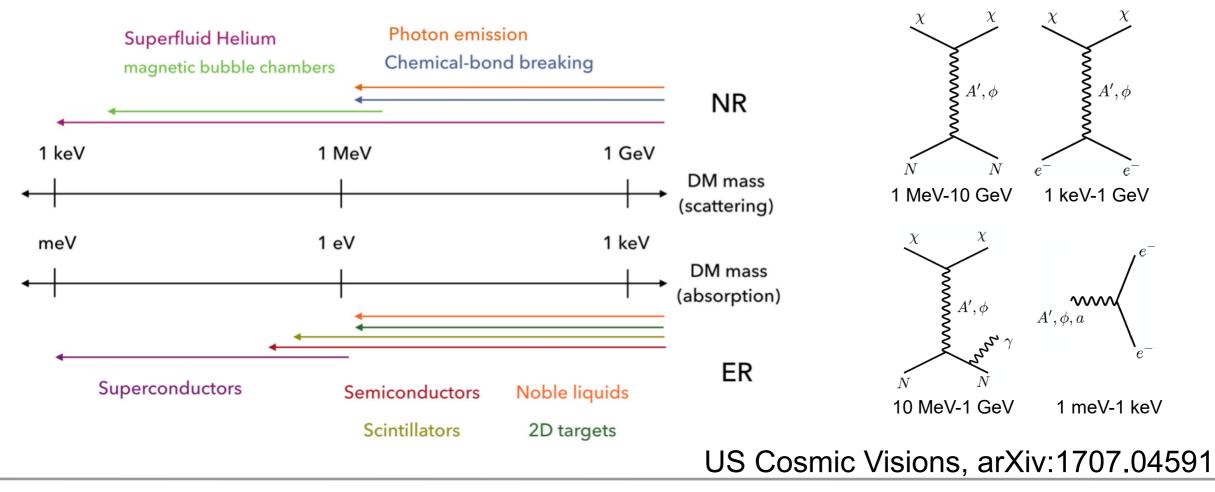
Soul searching for dark matter searchers



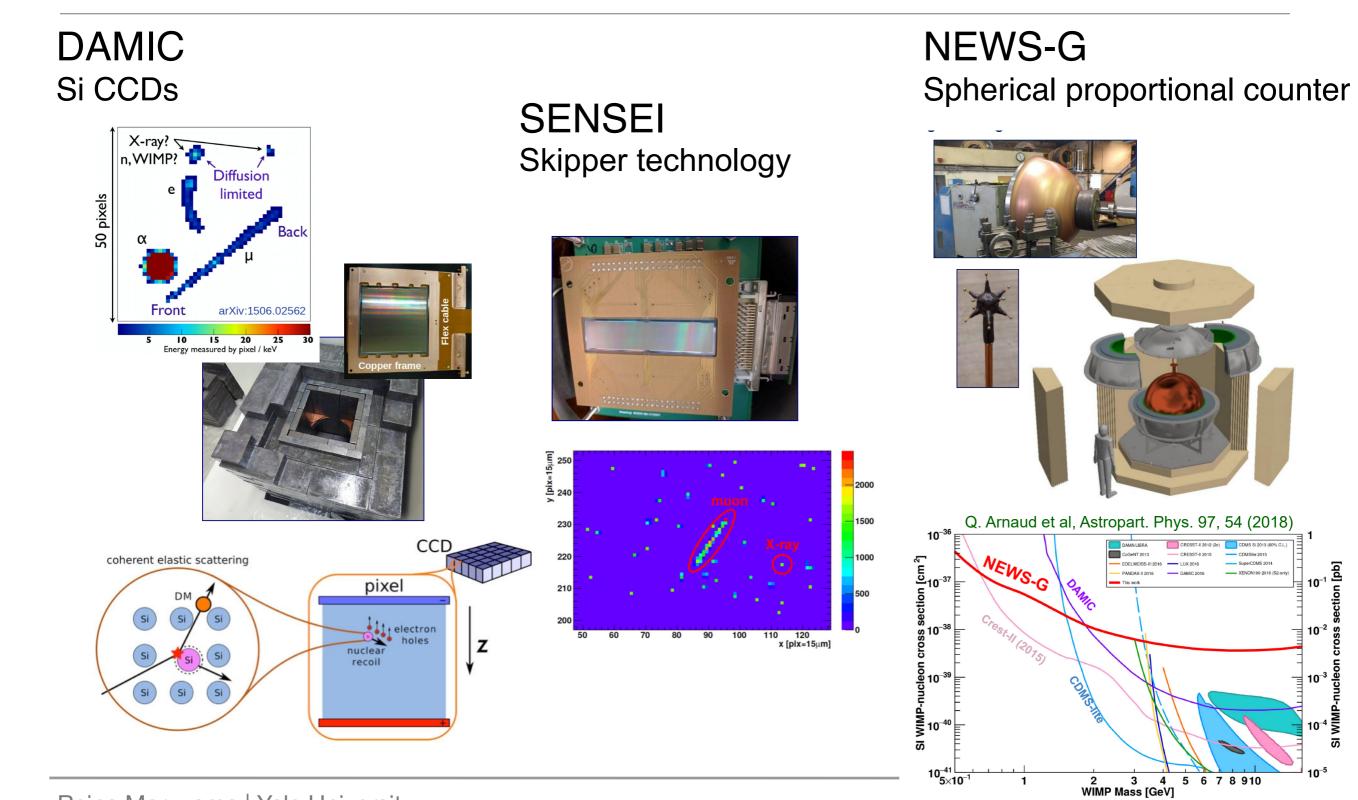
Reina Maruyama | Yale University

Low mass detectors: meV – GeV

- Probe dark matter below proton mass
- lighter targets
- lower thresholds
- · look for scattering or absorption by nuclei or electrons



Low mass searches: meV – GeV



Reina Maruyama | Yale University

Summary

Where are we now?

- 30 years of Direct Detection WIMP Search
- DAMA vs. null-results
- Hints from indirect detection
- Upcoming "Gen2" experiments may yield signal
- Where to after "neutrino floor"?

Where to?

- New WIMP and axion experiments are coming online.
- WIMPs? Low mass? Warm? Other forms of DM?

When do we say "YES!" ?

- Consistent w/ astrophysics observations +
 - reproducible
 - targets, cross section, annual modulation, ...

