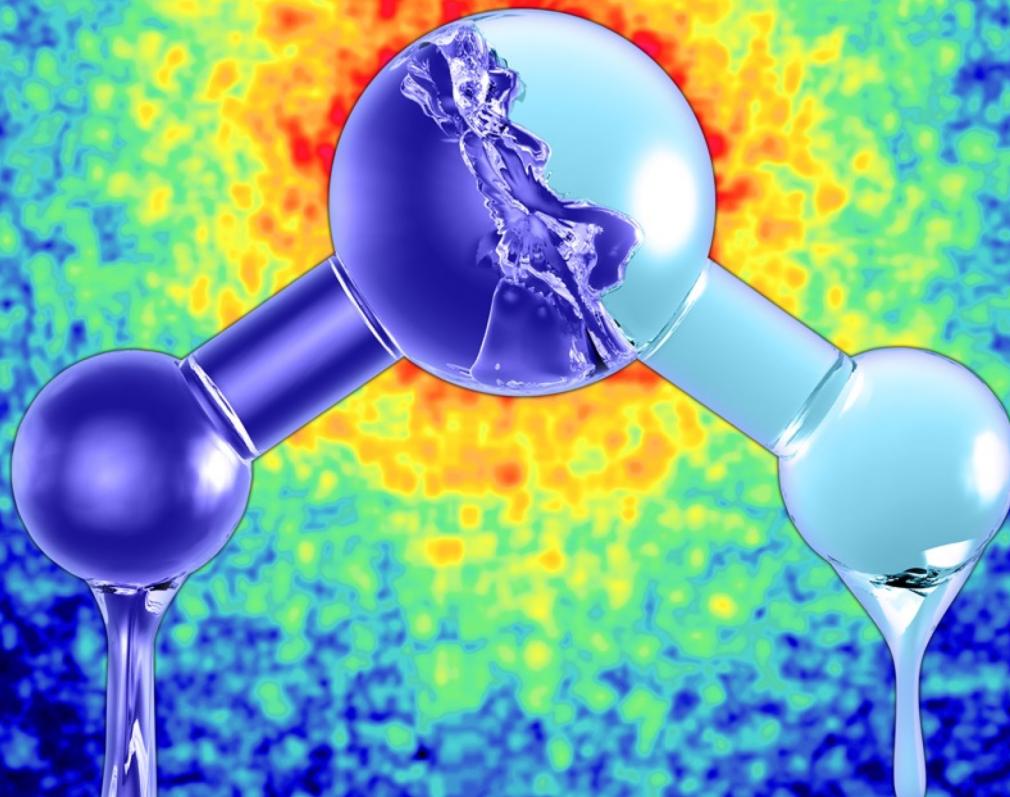




Stockholm
University

Fivos Perakis
Physics Department



Dynamics in Complex Systems:

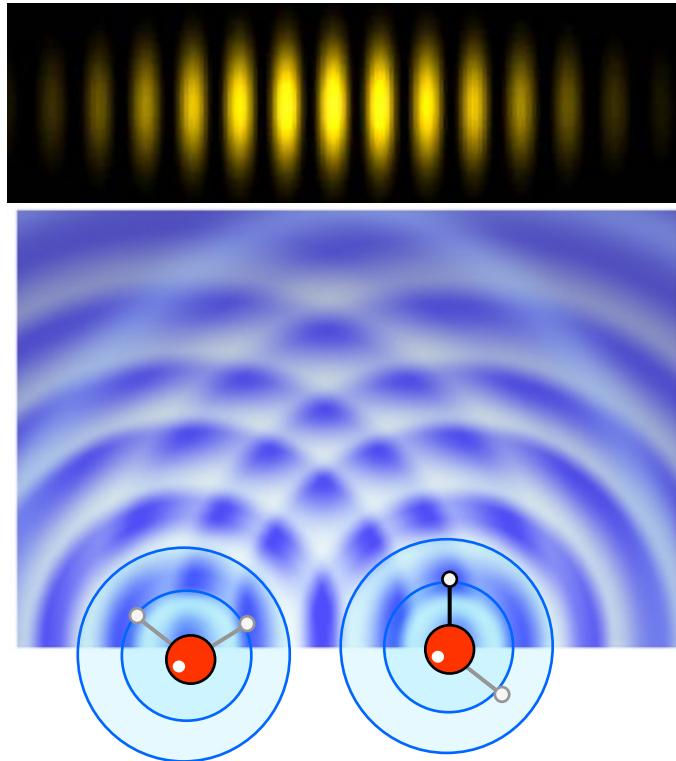
From supercooled and glassy water to protein dynamics

Science Opportunities with Table-Top Coherent X-Ray Sources

Uppsala, 29-30 October 2019

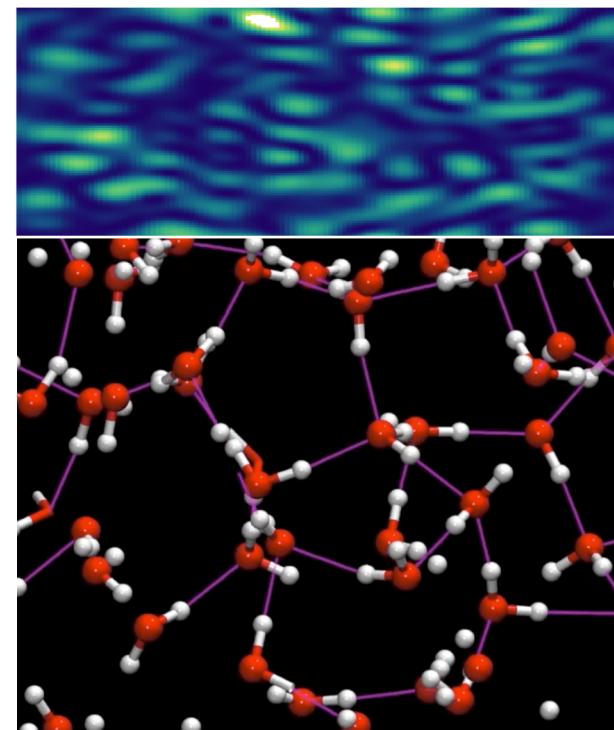
The speckle pattern

Interferogram



2 scattering points

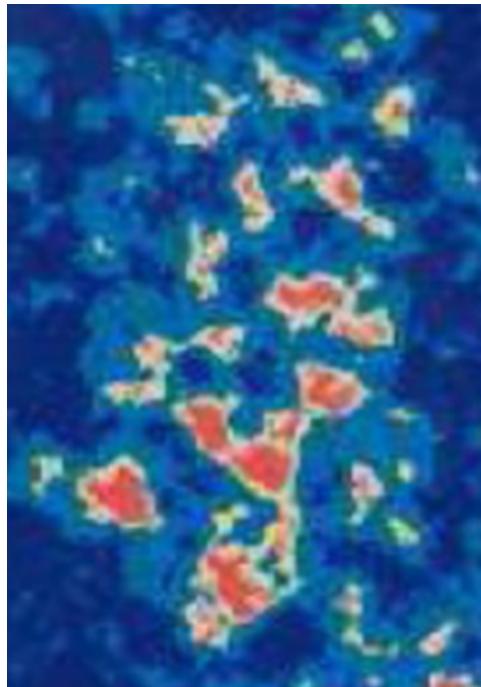
Speckle pattern



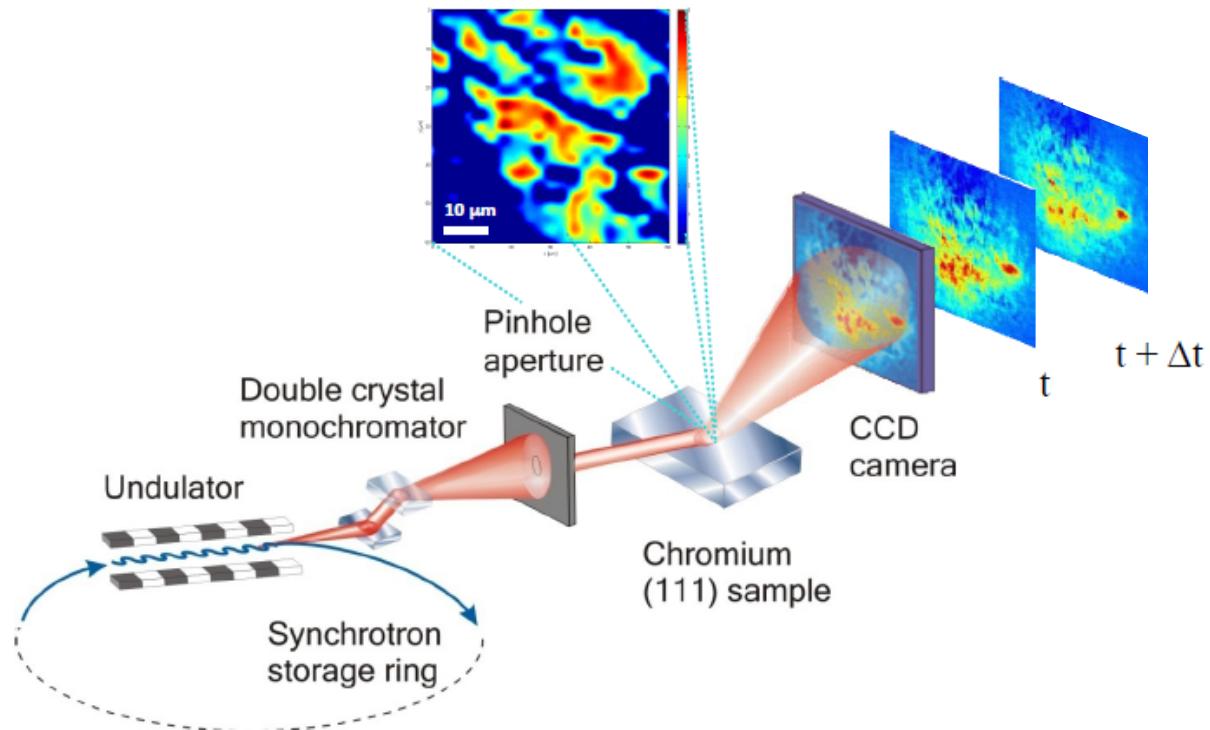
Many scattering points

Speckles and Dynamics

Speckle Pattern



X-ray Photon Correlation Spectroscopy



Beyond averages:
reflects exact arrangements

Dynamics by changes of the speckle pattern

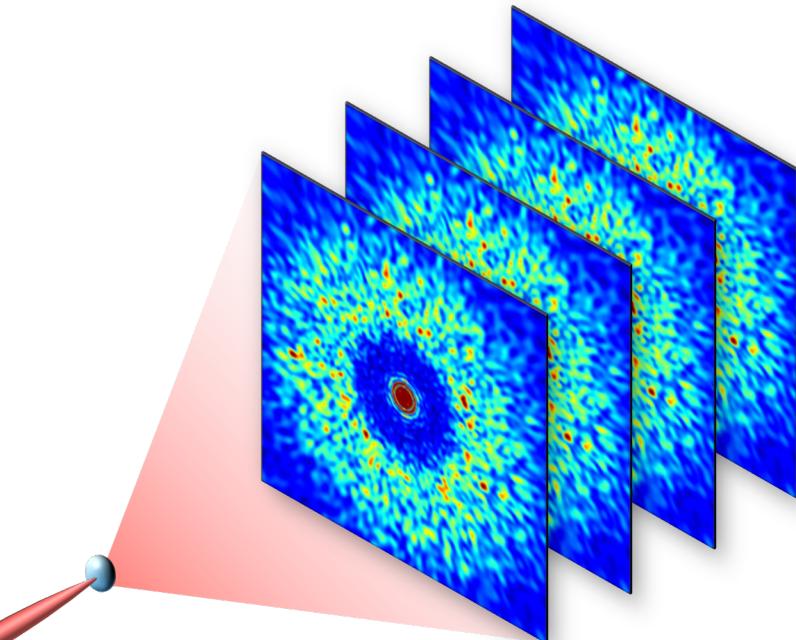
M. Sutton et al.,
Nature 352, 608-610 (1991)

O. G. Shpyrko et al
Nature 447, 68 (2007)

X-ray Photon Correlation Spectroscopy

Intensity Autocorrelation Function

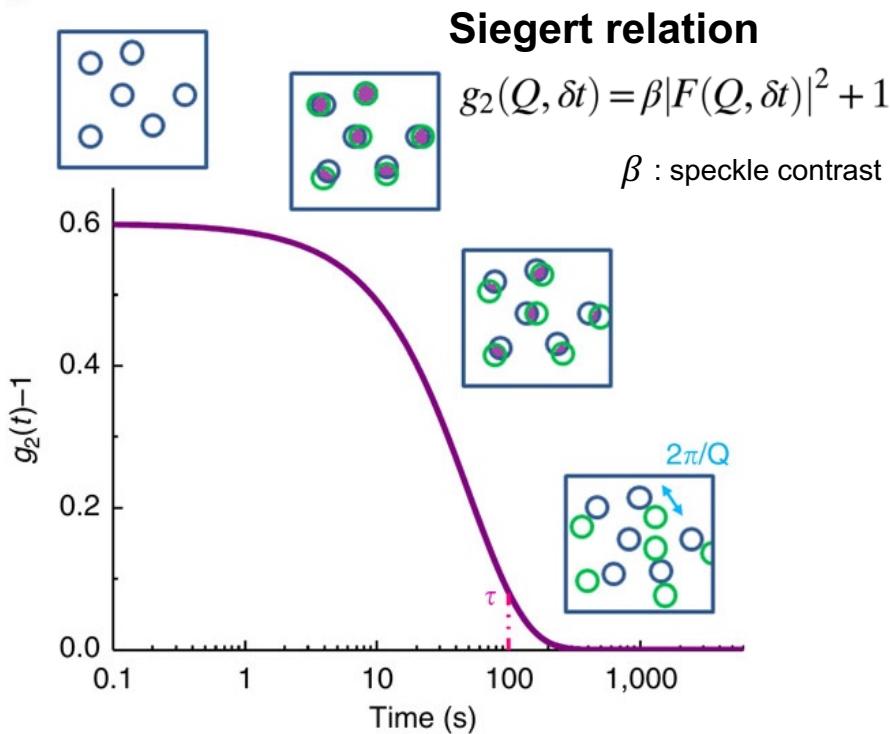
$$g_2(Q, \delta t) = \frac{1}{N} \langle I(Q, t) \cdot I(Q, t + \delta t) \rangle$$



Changes of the Speckle pattern

Intermediate scattering function

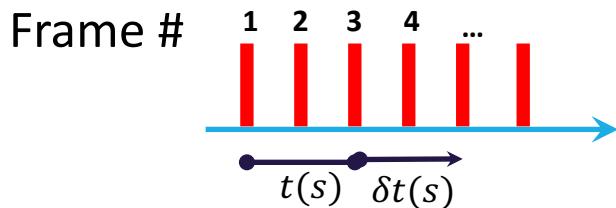
$$F(Q, t) = \frac{1}{N} \langle \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^N e^{iQ \cdot [r_i(t) - r_j(0)]} \rangle$$



Madsen A., Fluerasu A., Ruta B. (2016)
Structural Dynamics of Materials Probed by XPCS

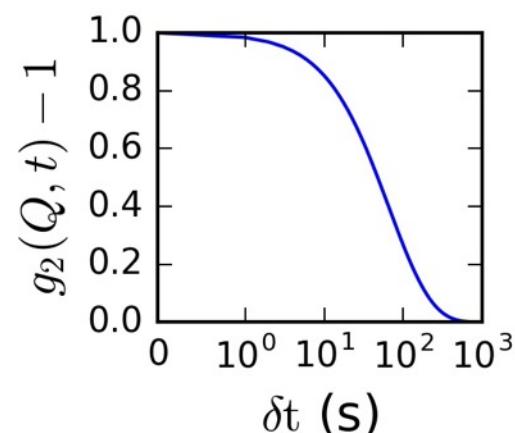
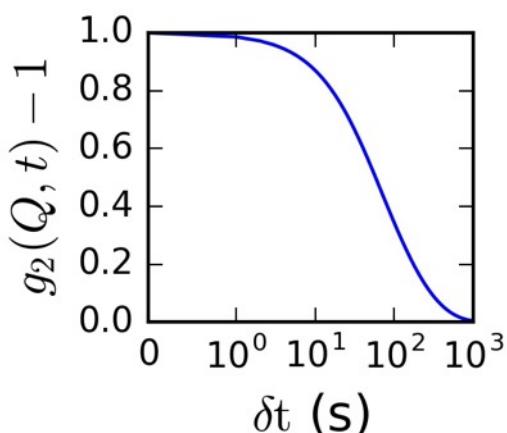
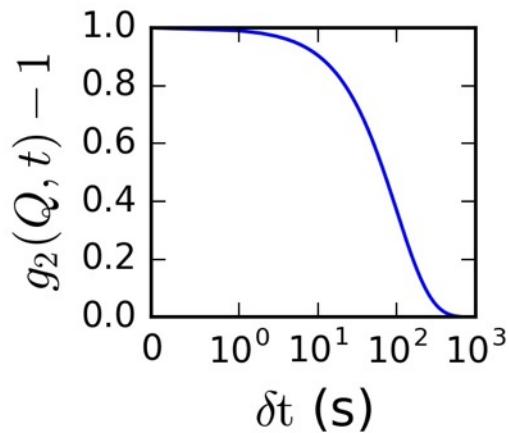
Giordano and Ruta
Nature Comm. 7, 10344 (2016)

two-time correlation functions

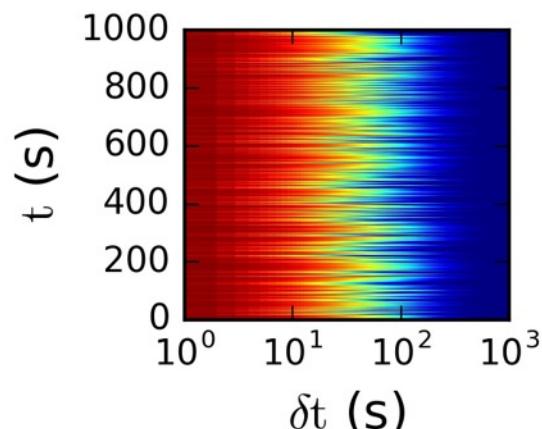
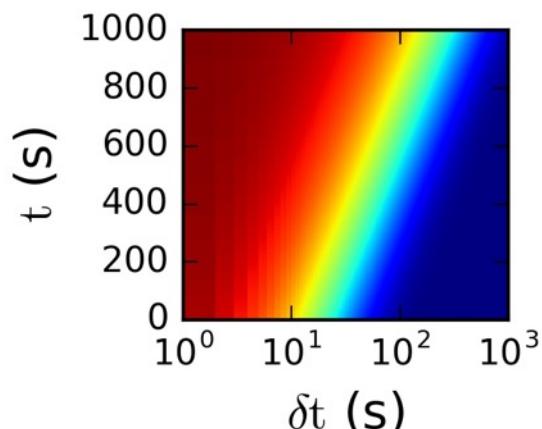
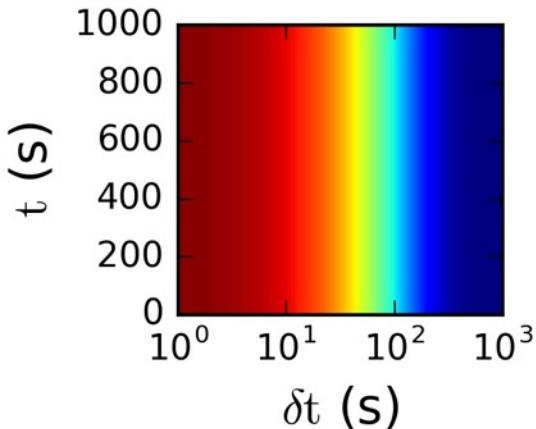


$$g_2(Q, \delta t) = \frac{1}{N} \langle I(Q, t) \cdot I(Q, t + \delta t) \rangle$$

1D-XPCS



2D-XPCS

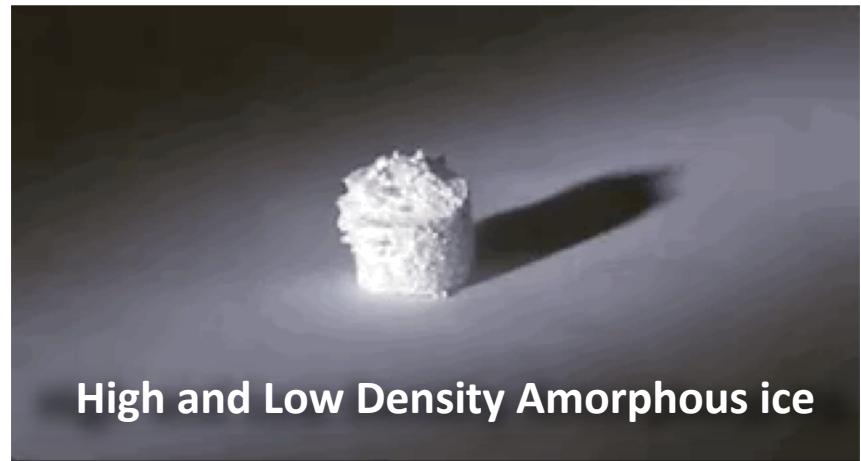
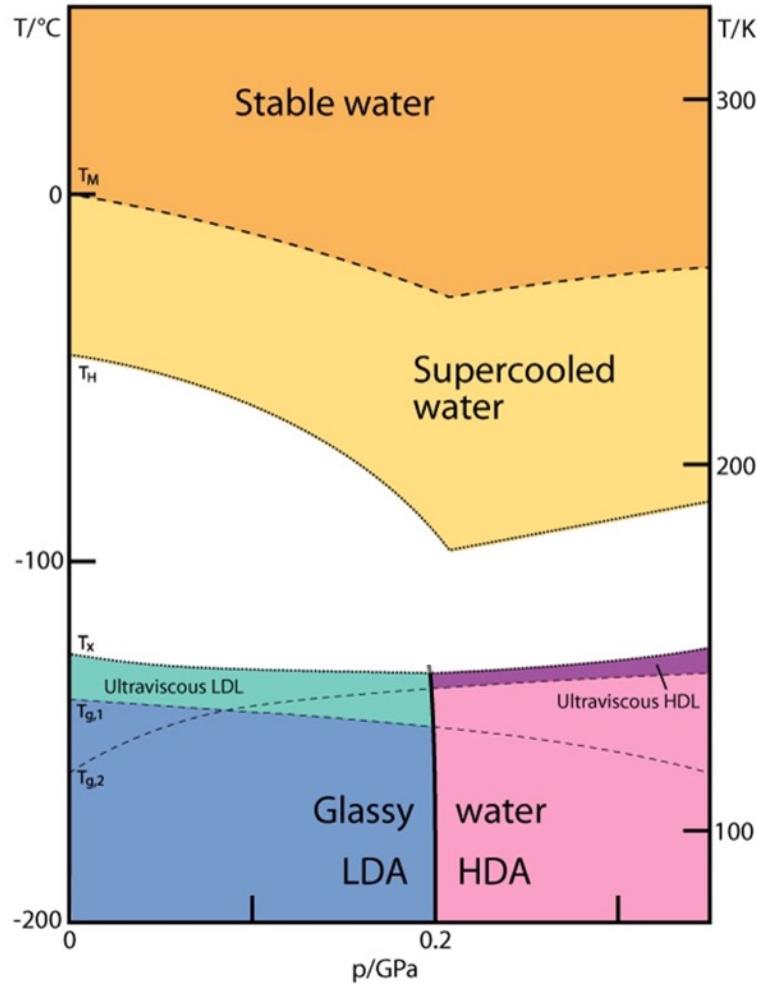




Diffusive dynamics during the high-to-low density transition in amorphous ice

Synchrotron Experiments

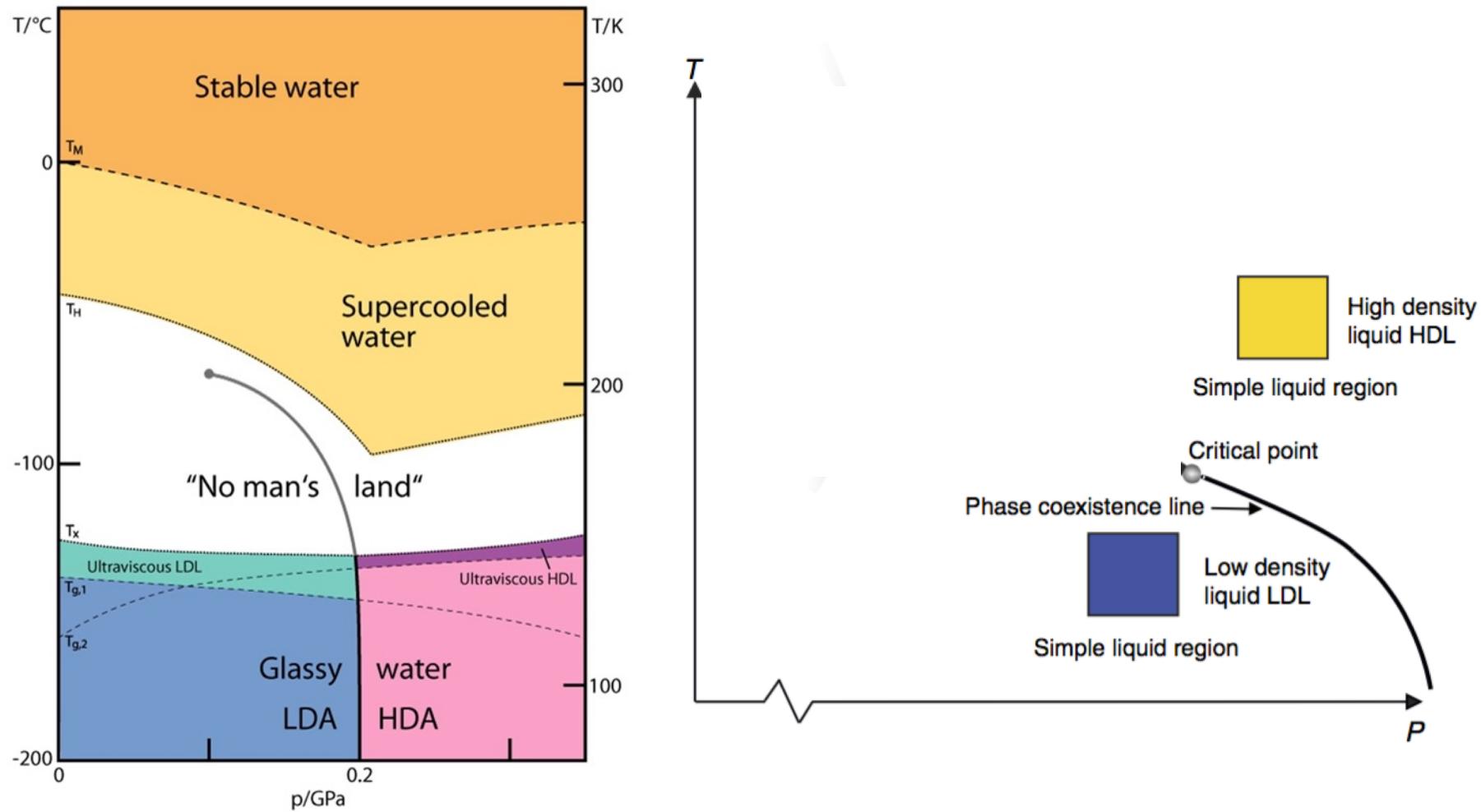
The two-liquid hypothesis



$$\rho(\text{LDA}) = 0.94 \text{ g/cm}^3 \quad \rho(\text{HDA}) = 1.17 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

Close to hexagonal ice

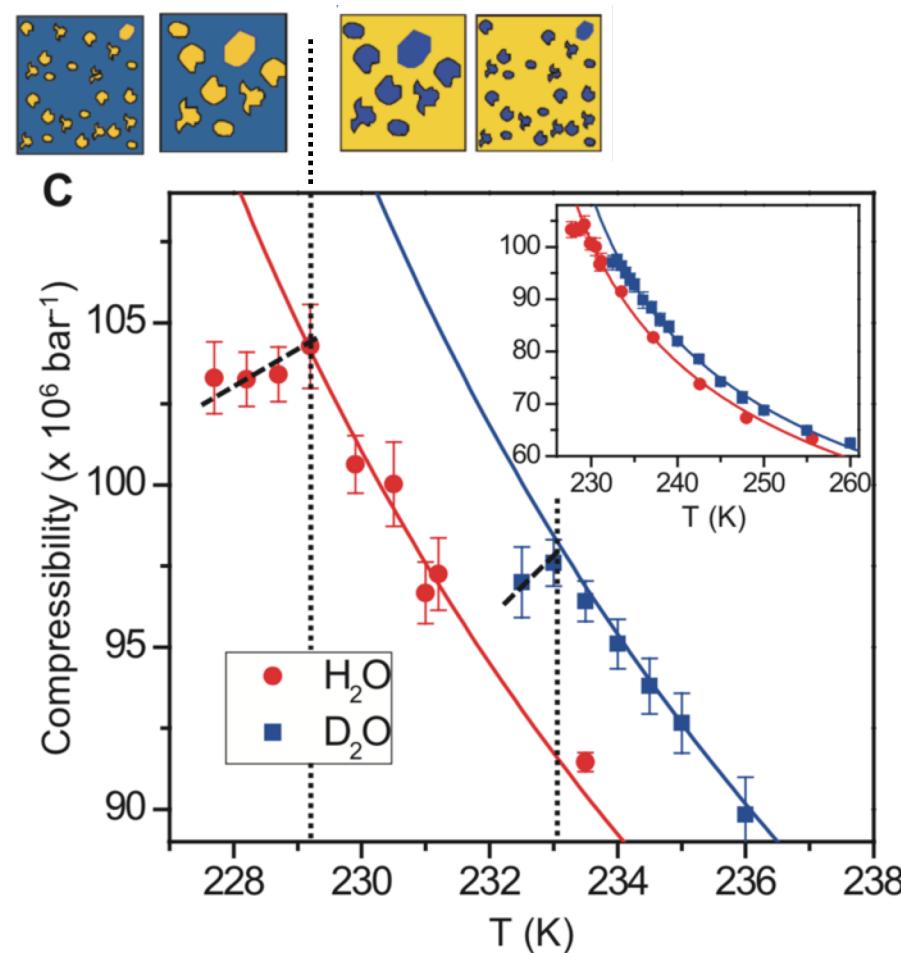
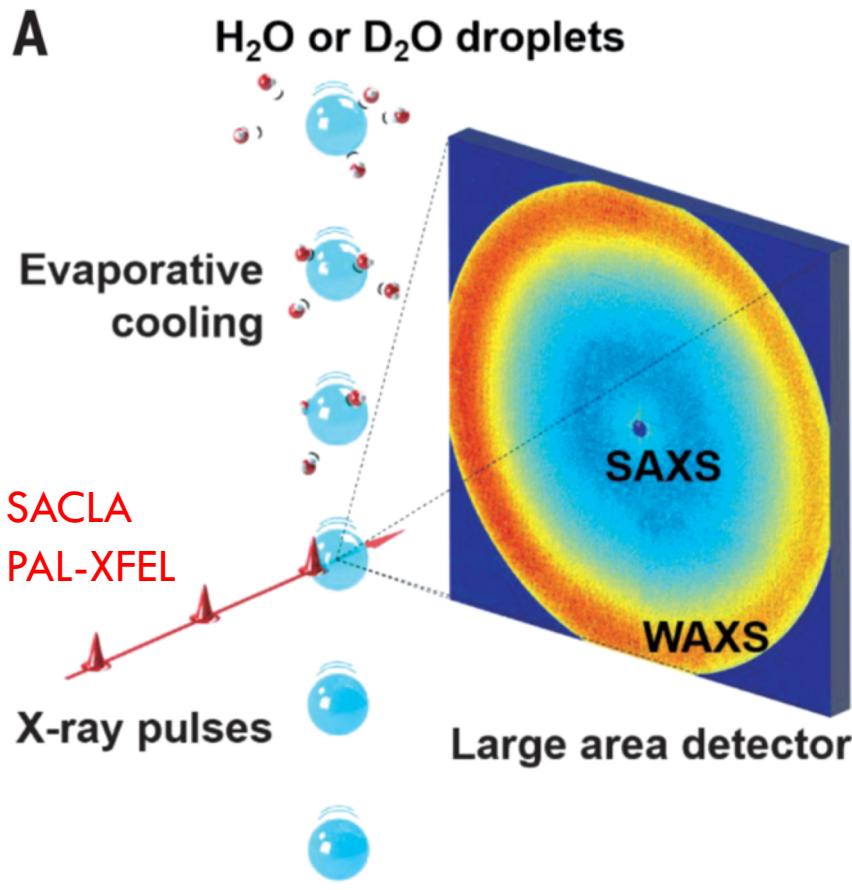
The two-liquid hypothesis



Poole et al.
Nature 360, 1992

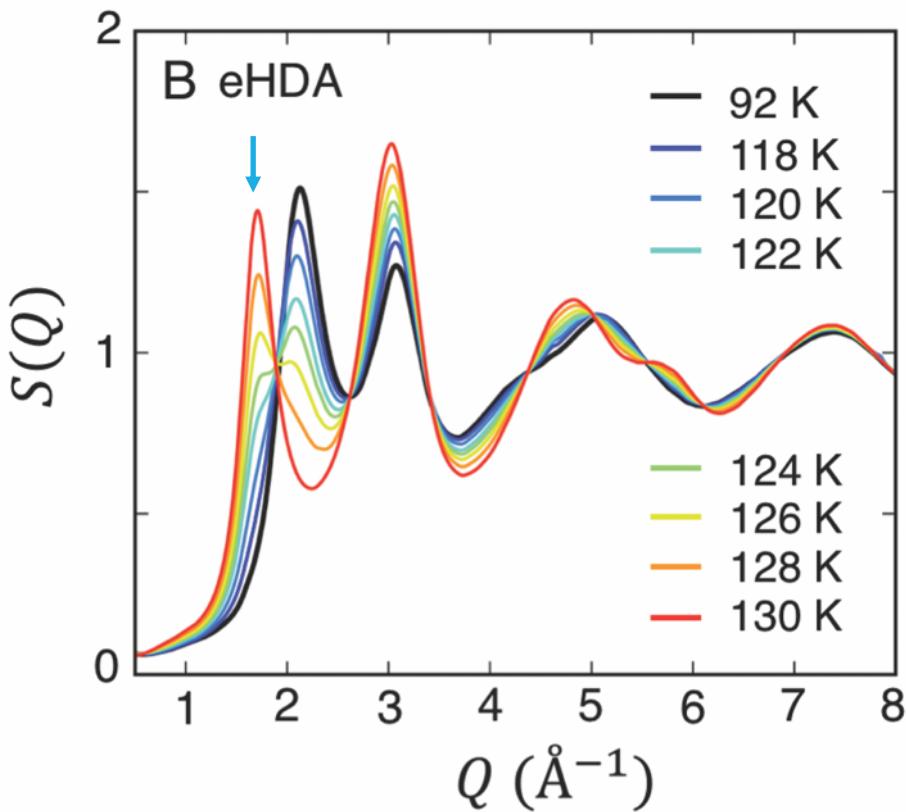
A. Nilsson & L. Pettersson
Nature Comm. 6, 8998 (2015)

Experimental Evidence: Widom line 229K

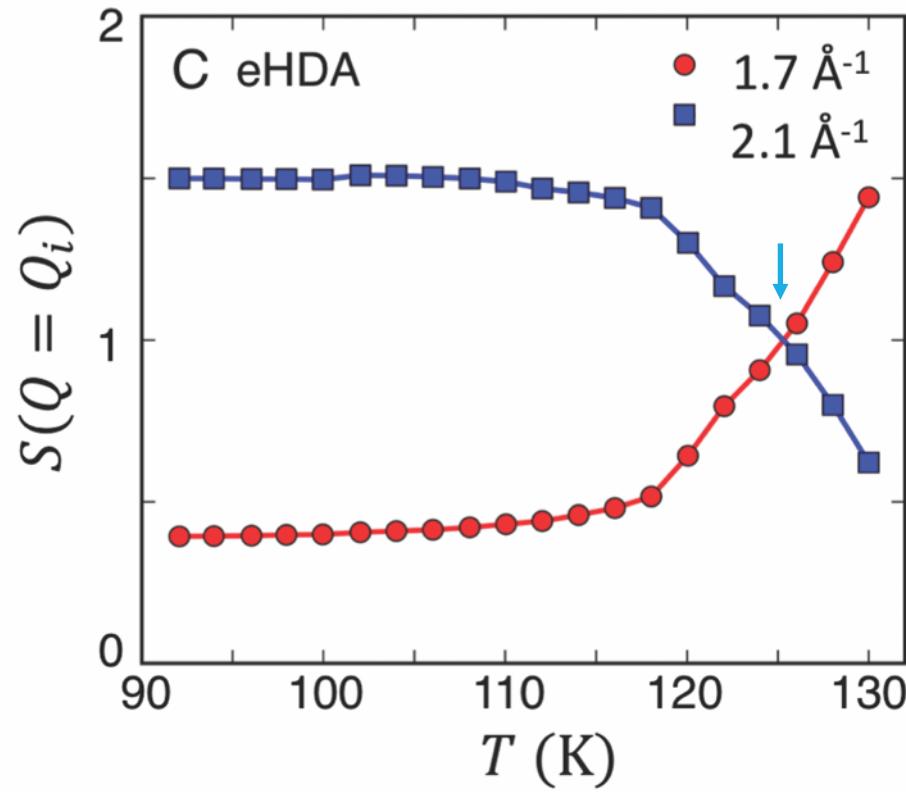


High energy diffraction experiments

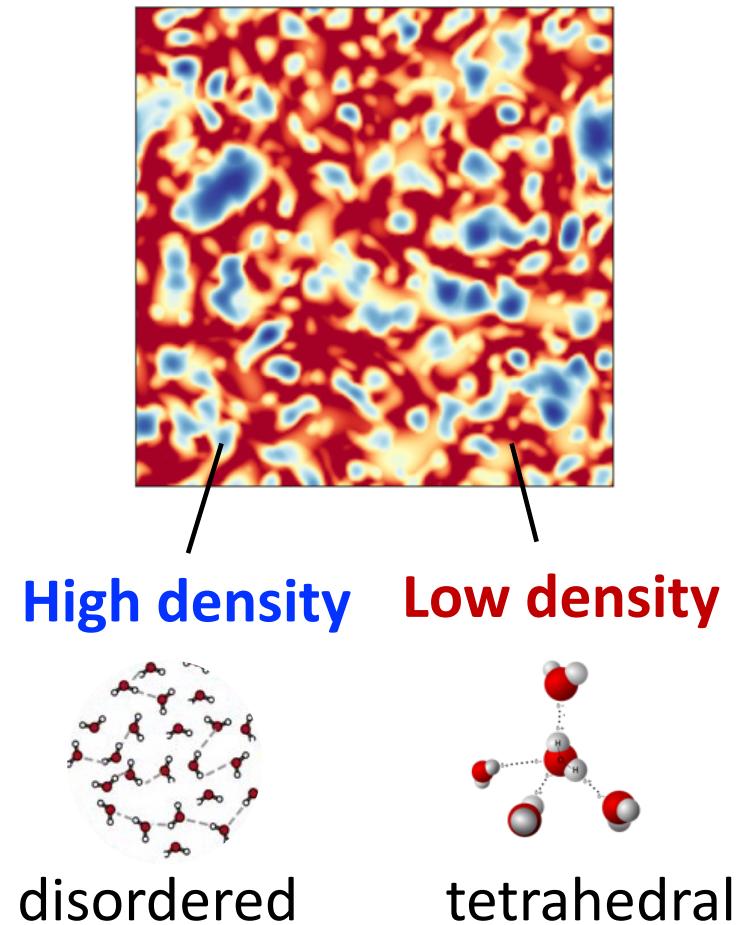
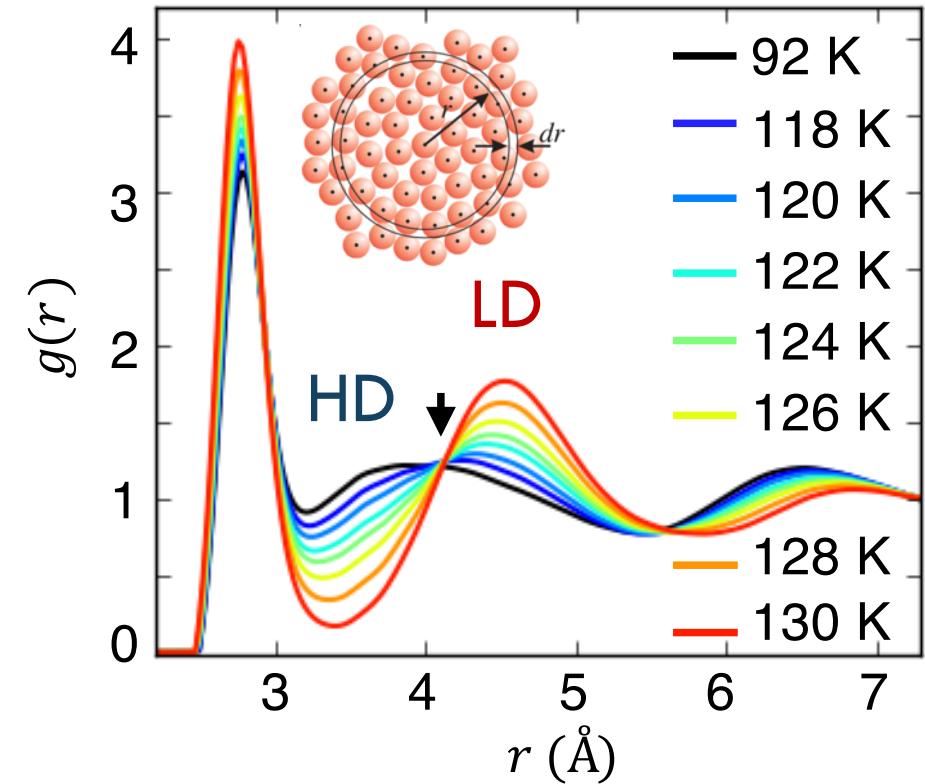
Static Structure factor



High to low density transition

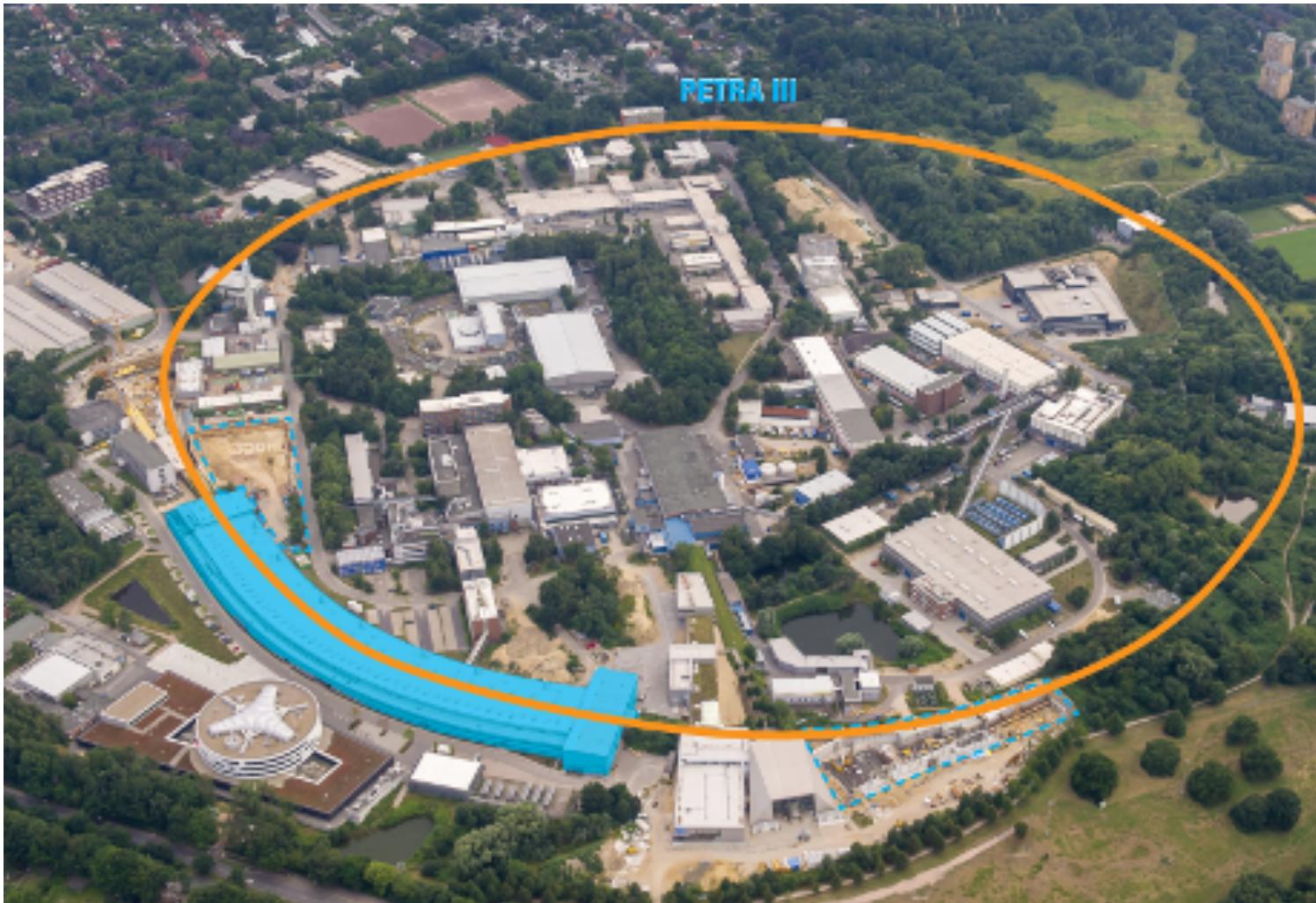


High energy diffraction experiments



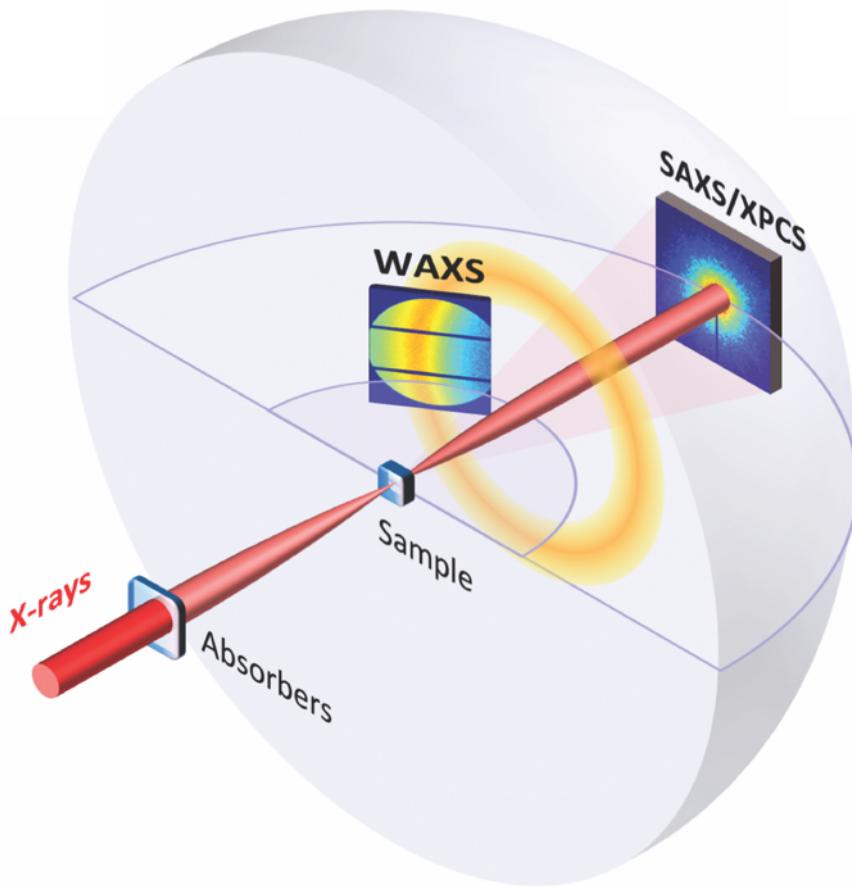


PETRA III, HAMBURG



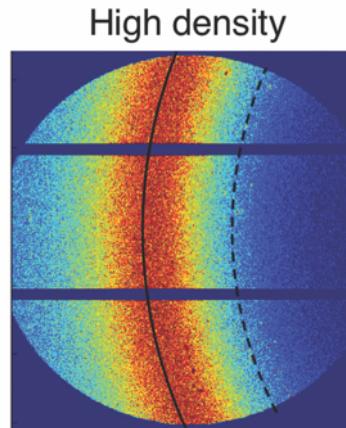
P10 Coherence Applications Beamline

The experimental setup

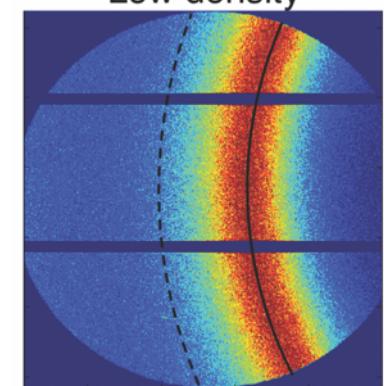


8.4 keV, Si(333), PILATUS 300k, Lamda, 3x3um focus

X-ray diffraction

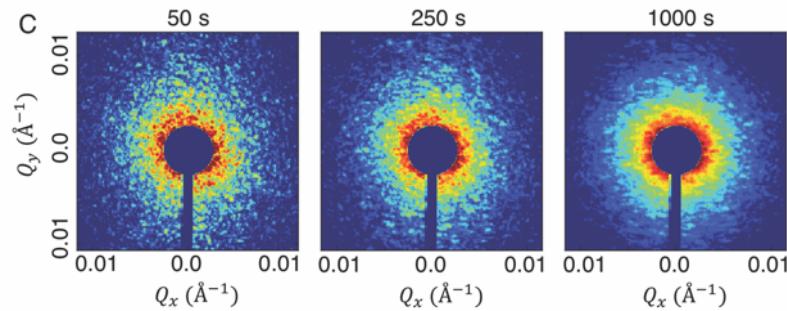


High density



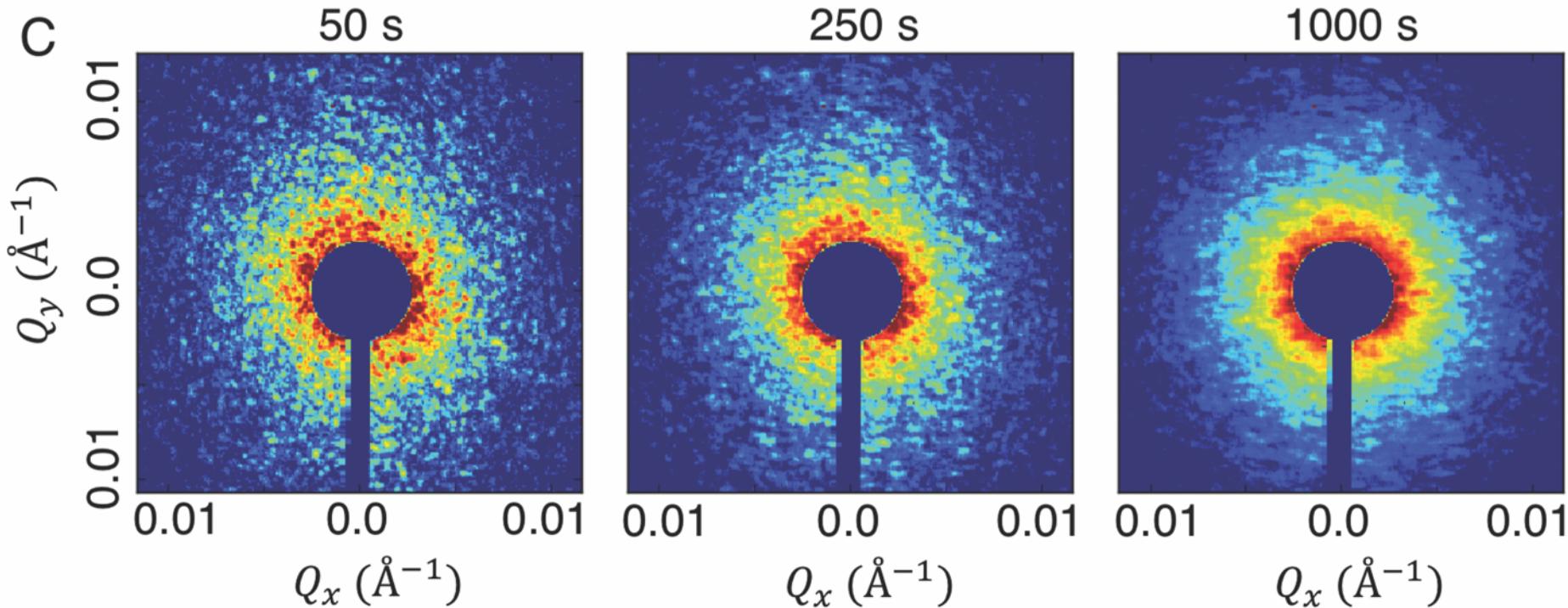
Low density

X-ray Photon Correlation Spectroscopy



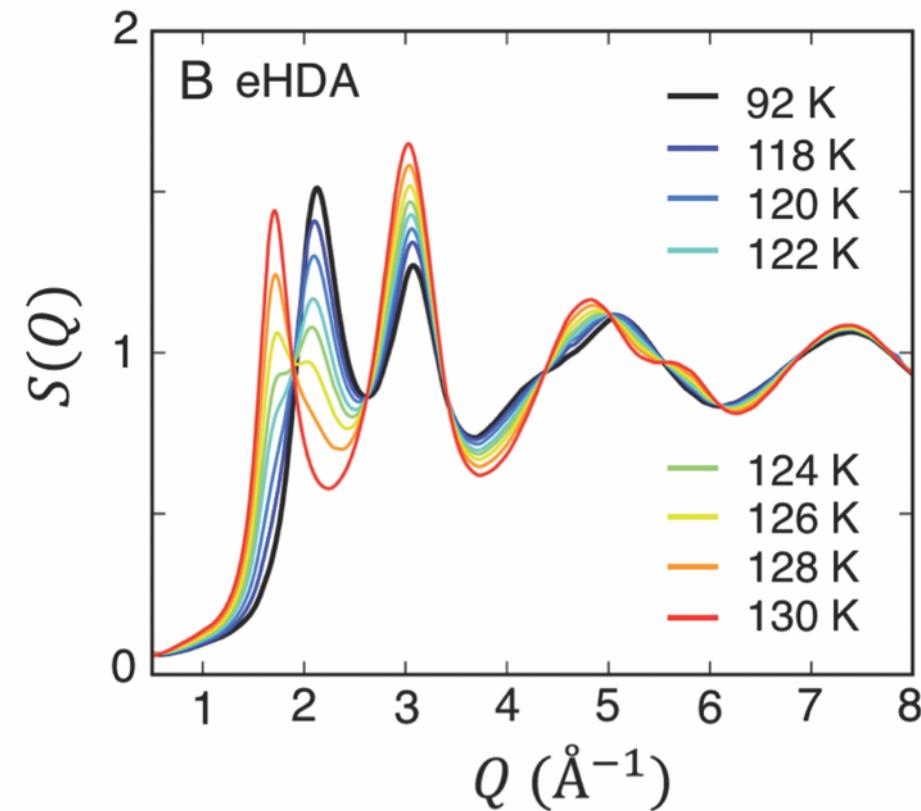
X-ray Photon Correlation Spectroscopy

Nanoscale dynamics of water near the glass transition

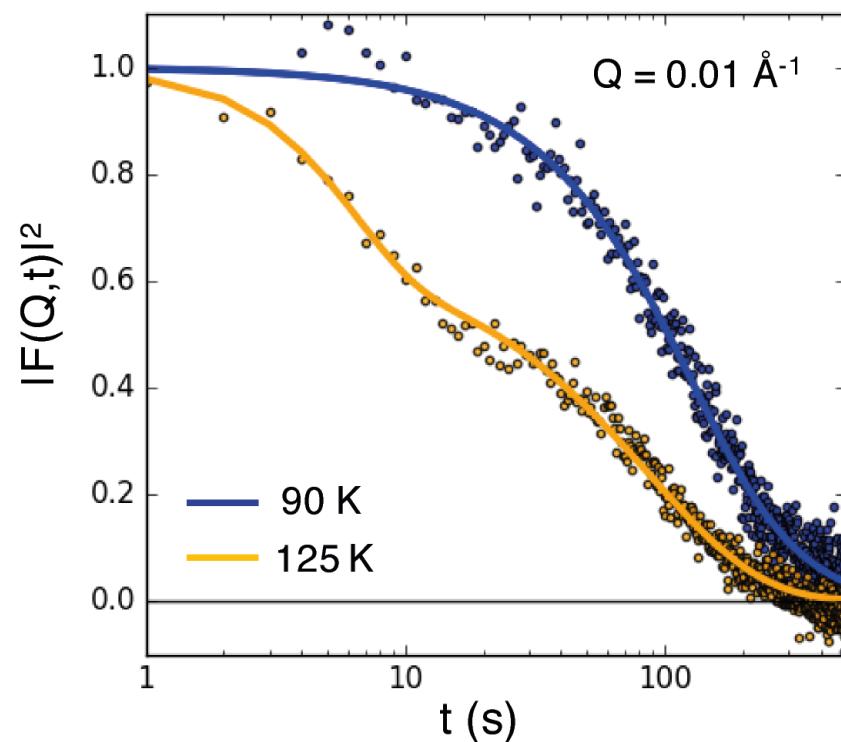


Probing Structure and Dynamics

Static Structure factor



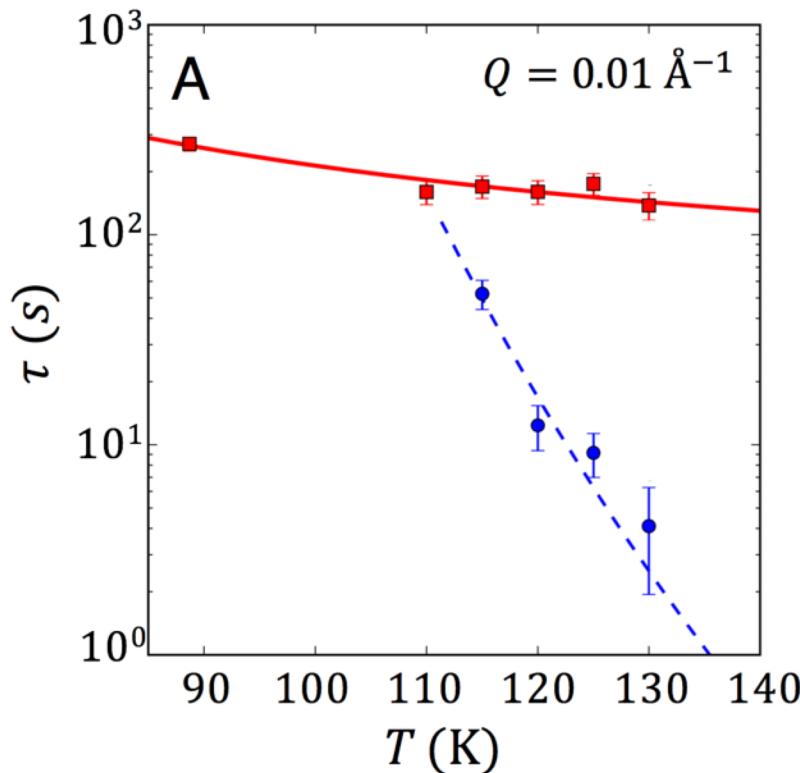
Dynamic Structure factor



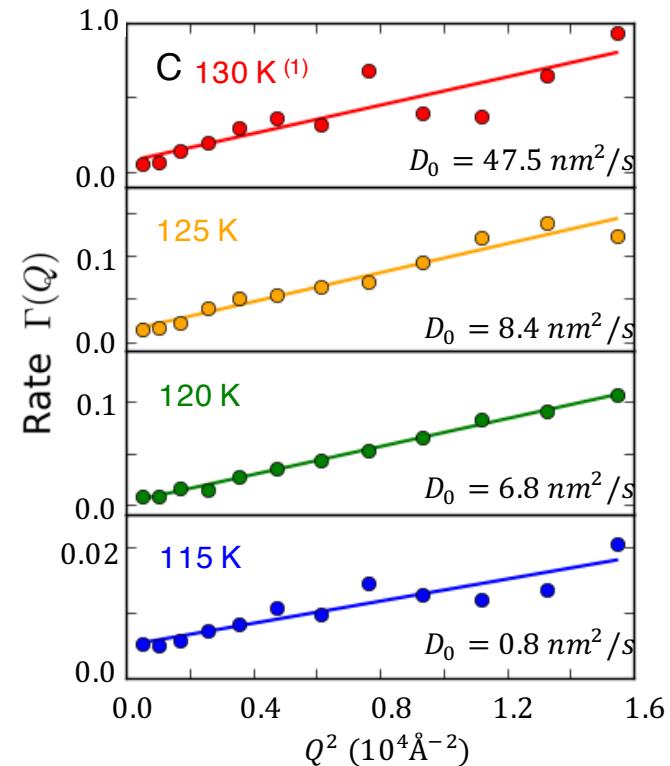
$$g_2(t) = A \cdot e^{-t/(2\tau_1)} + (\beta - A) \cdot e^{-t/(2\tau_2)} + c$$

Temperature and Q-dependence

Fast component appearing at 110 K



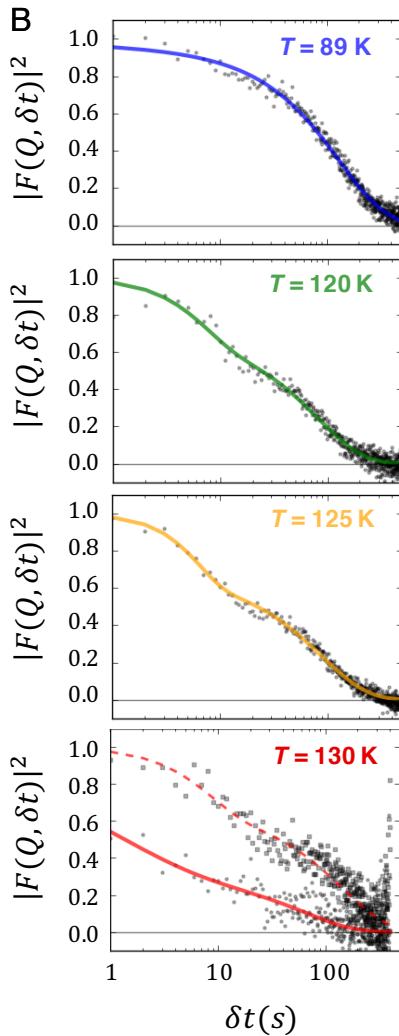
Diffusive motion $\sim 100\text{nm}$



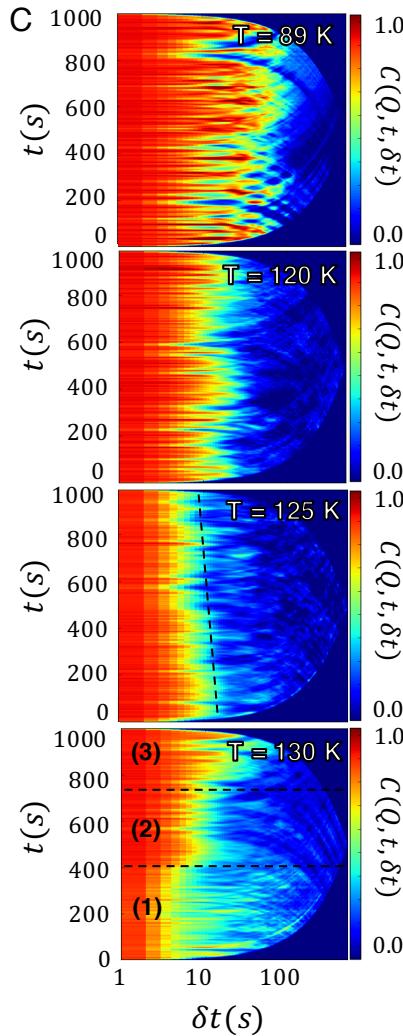
$$\Gamma(Q) \propto D_0 \cdot Q^2$$

Dynamical heterogeneities

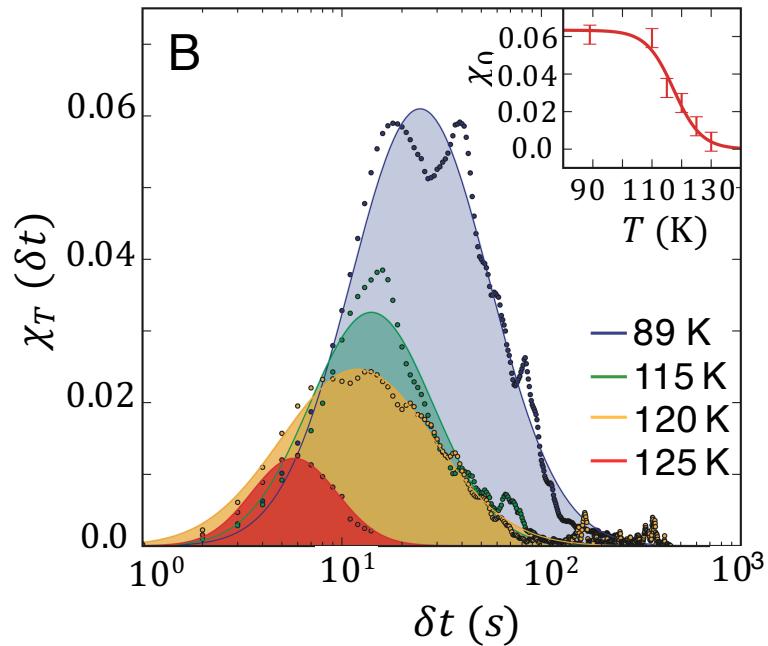
XPCS (1D)



XPCS (2D)



Normalized variance



$$\chi_T(Q, \delta t) = \frac{1}{N} \left[\langle C^2(t, \delta t) \rangle_t - \langle C(t, \delta t) \rangle_t^2 \right]$$

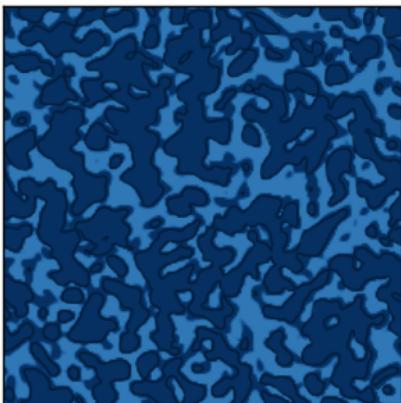
- Transition to more homogeneous dynamics $T > 115\text{ K}$
- Non-ergodic to ergodic regime
- Missing very fast dynamics (contrast decreases)

Take-home message I:

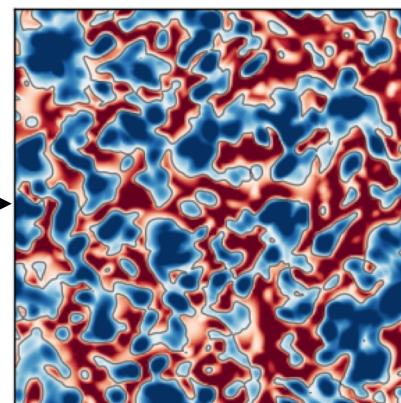
HDA



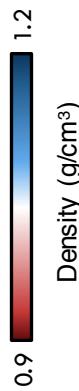
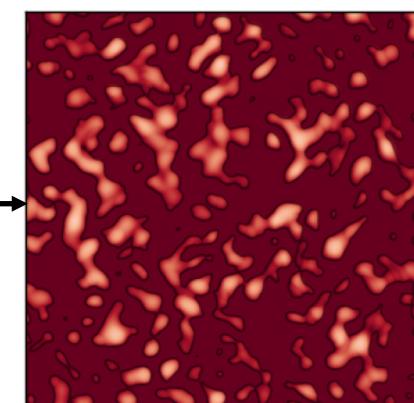
HDA → HDL



HDL → LDL



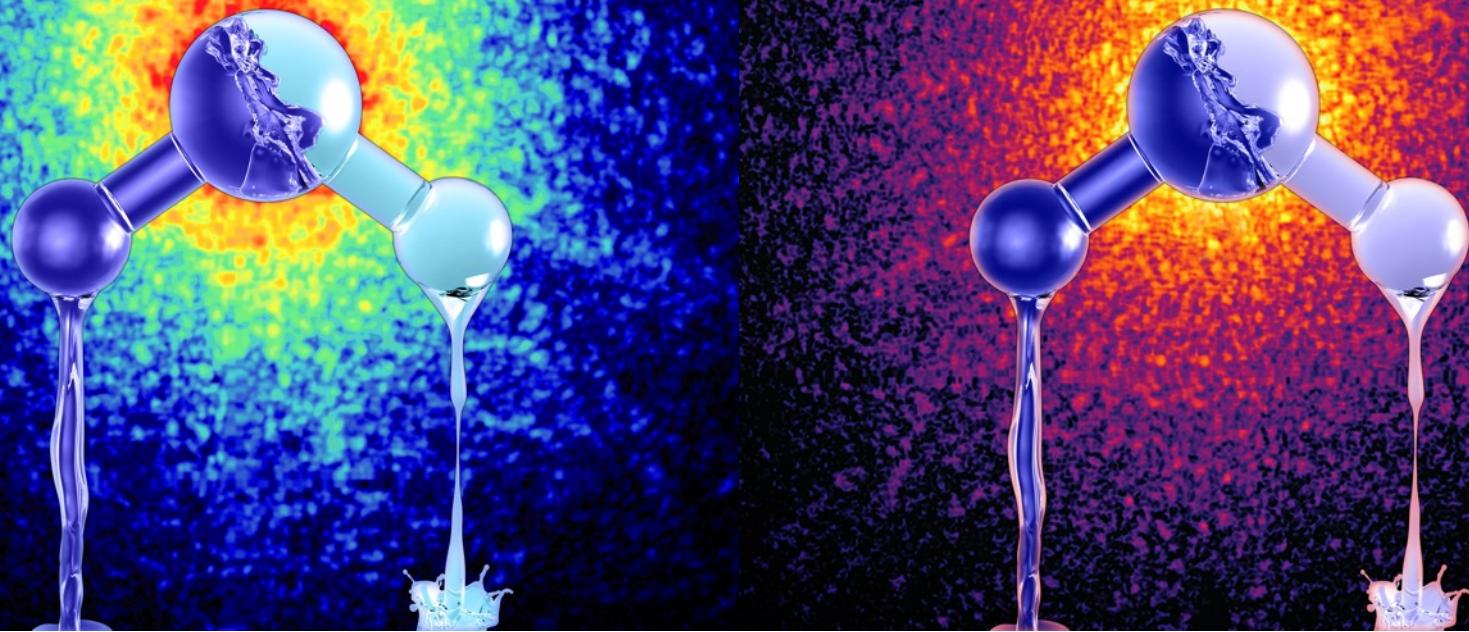
LDL



“Slow” and “fast”
components:
Glass transition

High and low
density
coexistence

low-density
diffusive
dynamics



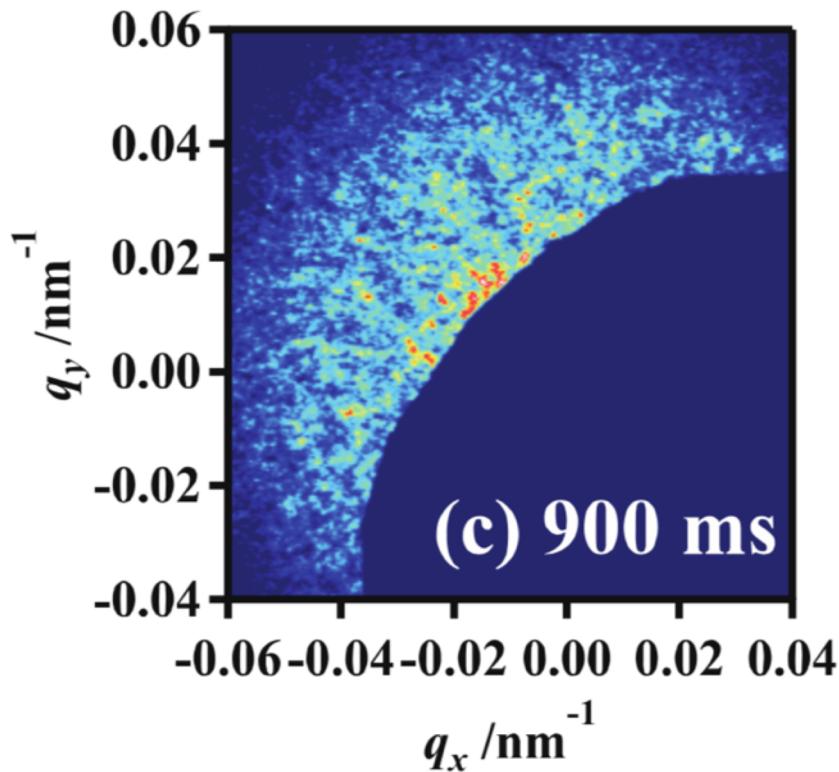
Coherent X-rays reveal the influence of cage effects on ultrafast water dynamics

FEL EXPERIMENTS, XCS@LCLS

X-ray Speckle Visibility Spectroscopy

Exposure Time-dependence

polystyrene nanospheres in glycerol

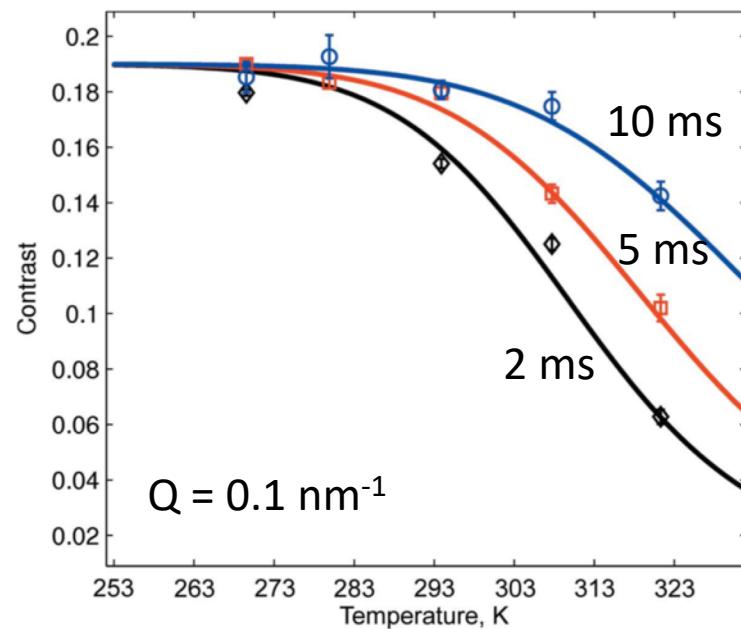


I. Inoue et al

Optics Express 20, 26878 (2012)

Temperature-dependence

latex nanospheres in glycerol

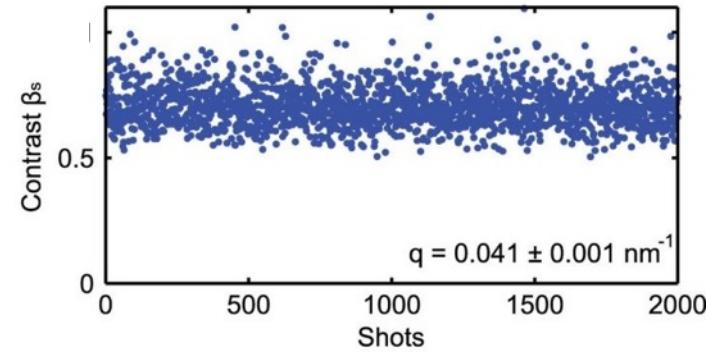
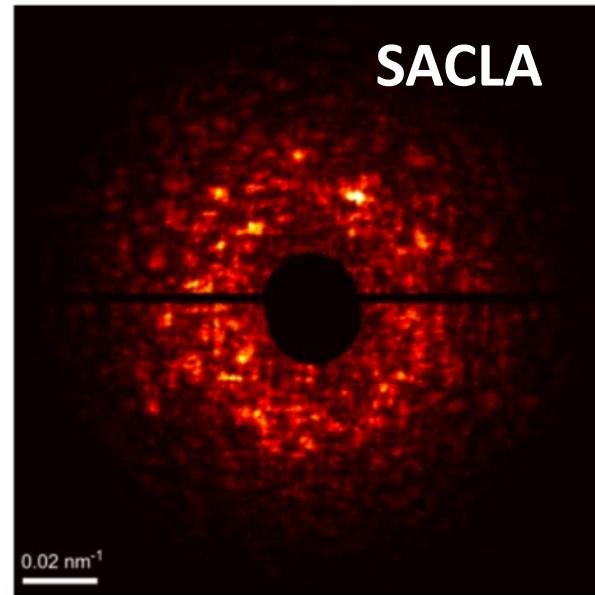
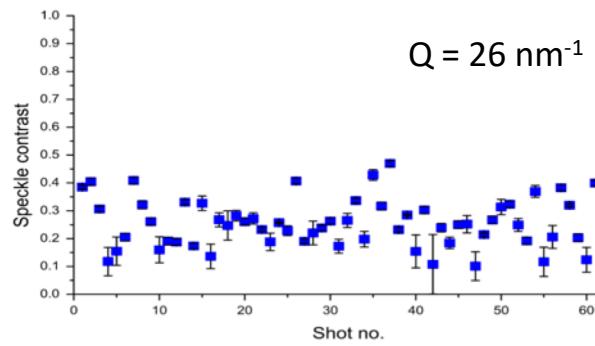
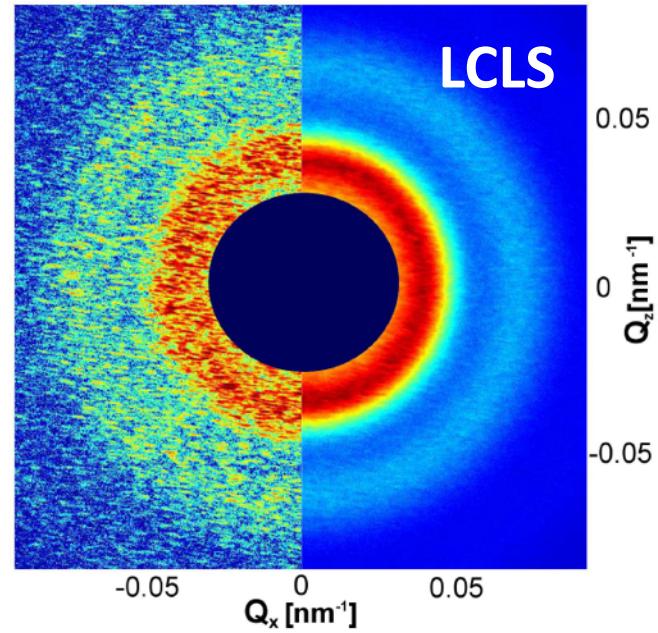


latex in glycerol

C. DeCaro et al.

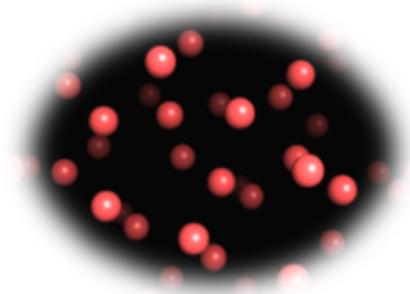
J. Synchrotron Rad. 20, 332–338 (2013)

Speckle contrast at XFELs

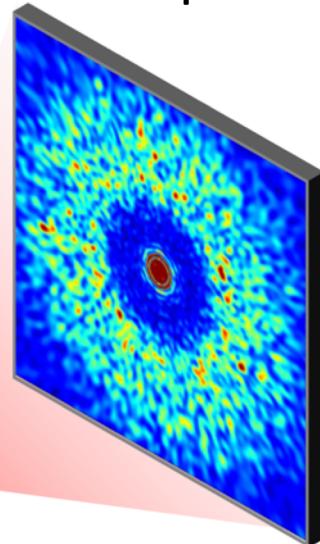


X-ray Speckle Visibility Spectroscopy

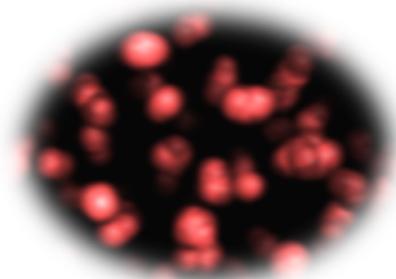
Real space



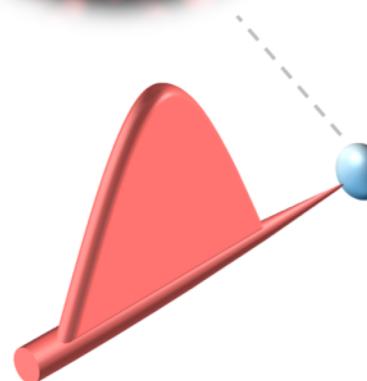
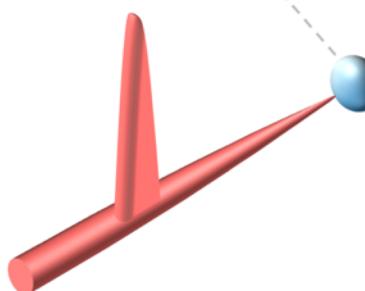
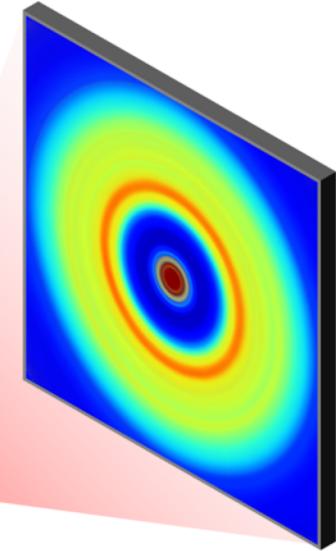
Reciprocal
space



"Blurring"

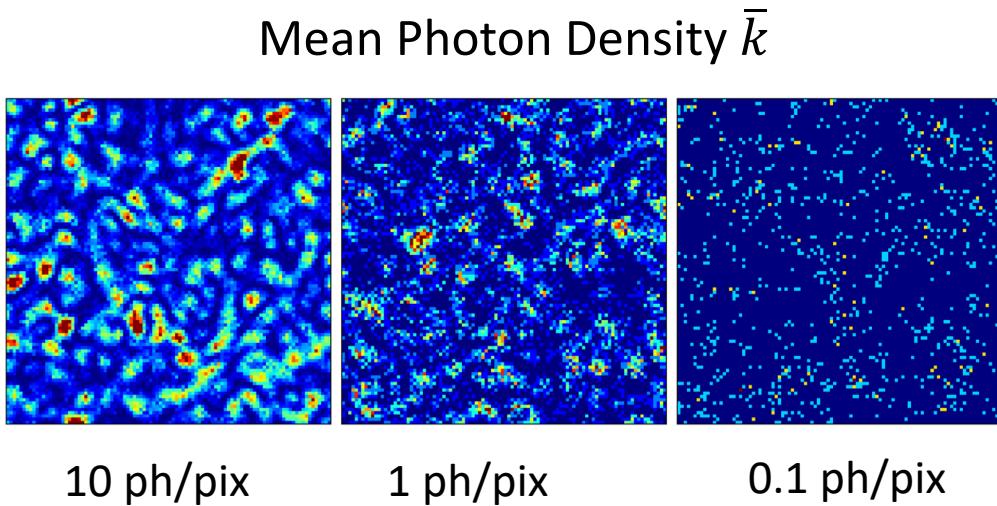


loss of speckle
contrast

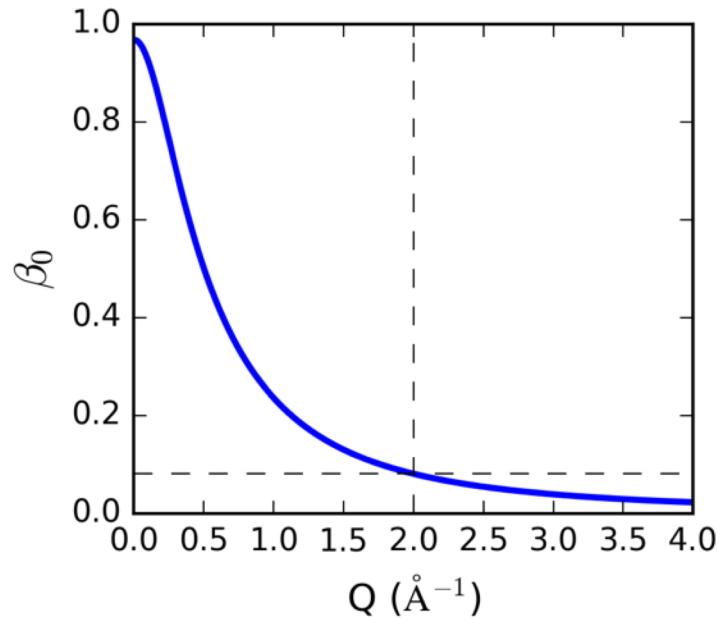


The challenges

Water is a weak scatterer
in the hard X-ray range (8.2keV)



Contrast is low in WAXS
atomic lengthscales ($Q = 1.9\text{\AA}^{-1}$)

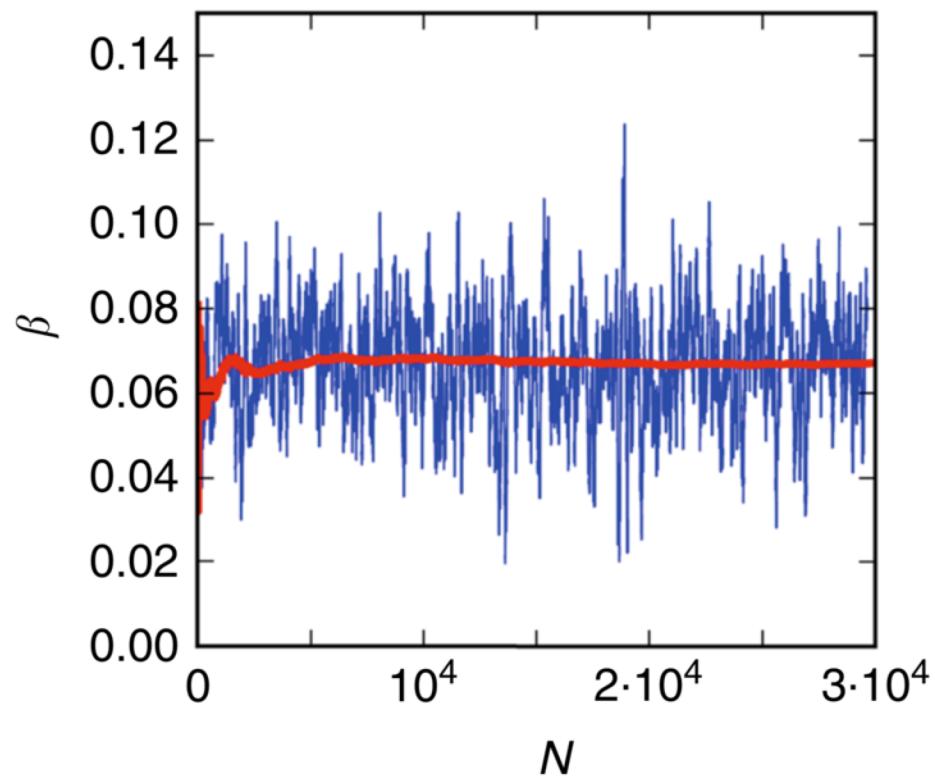
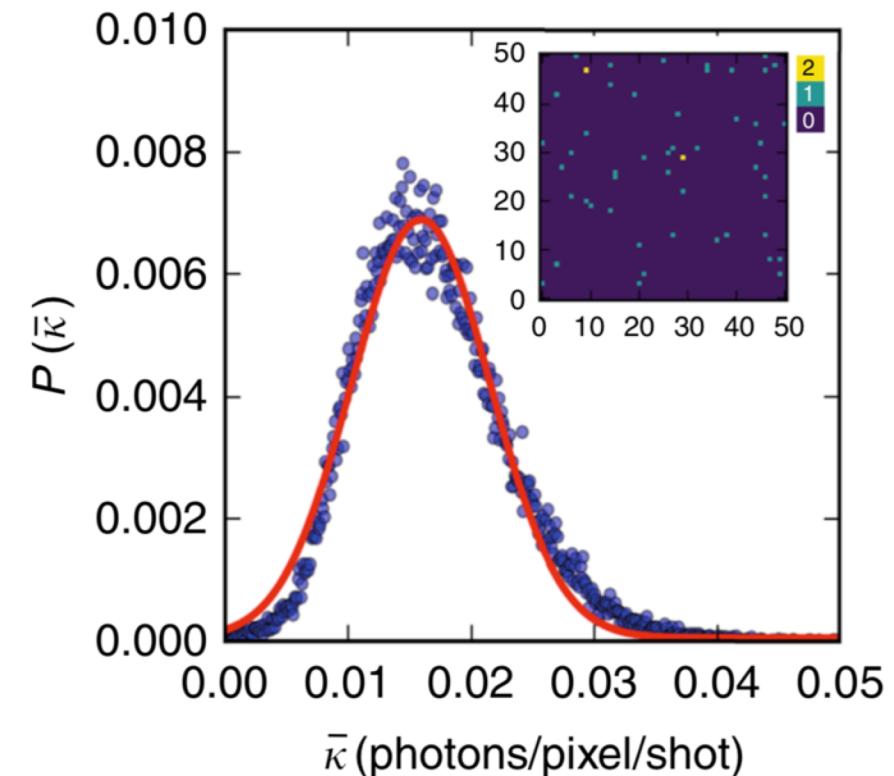


Photon counts and contrast

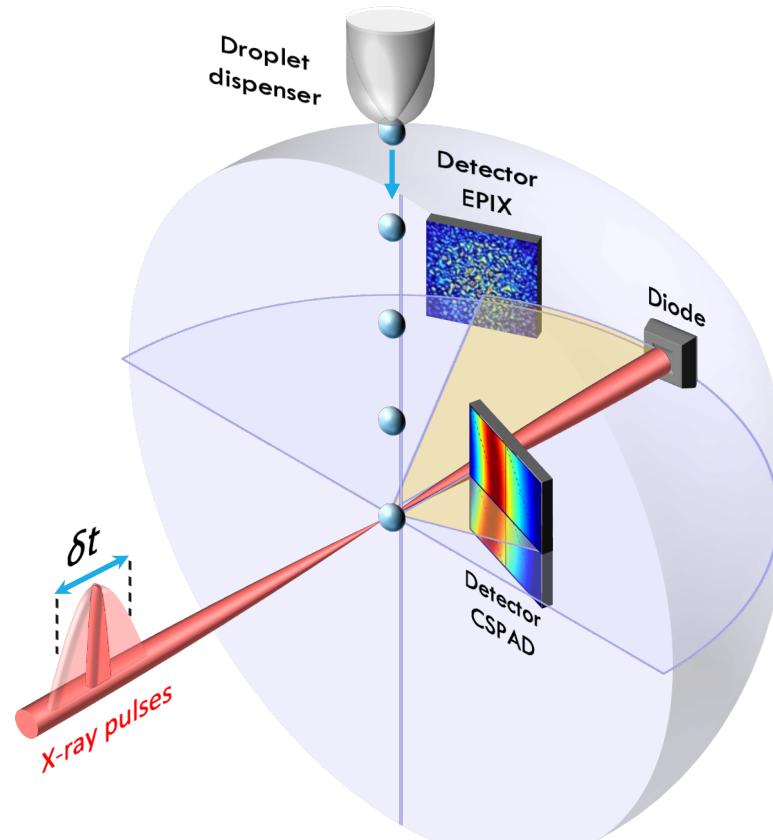


$1.5 \cdot 10^{-2}$ photons/pixel

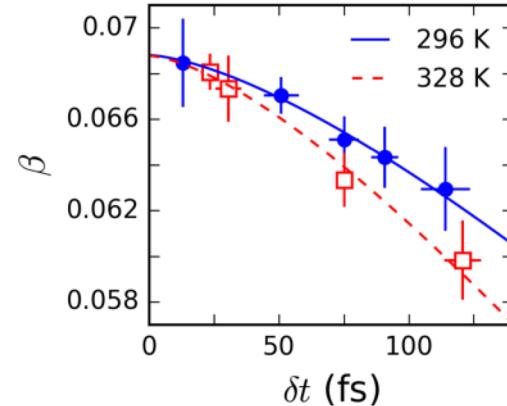
TJ Lane Felix
Contrast 0.069 Lehmkühler



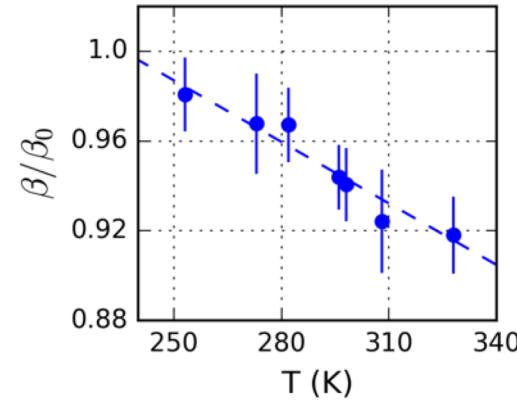
The experiment in a nutshell



Varying pulse duration



Varying temperature

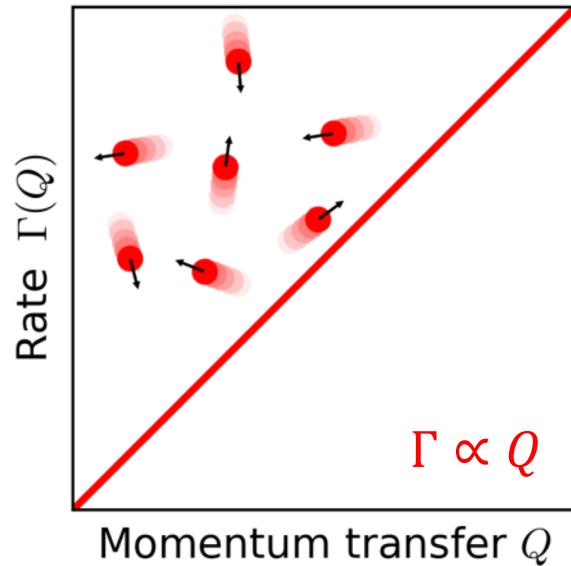


Molecular Simulations



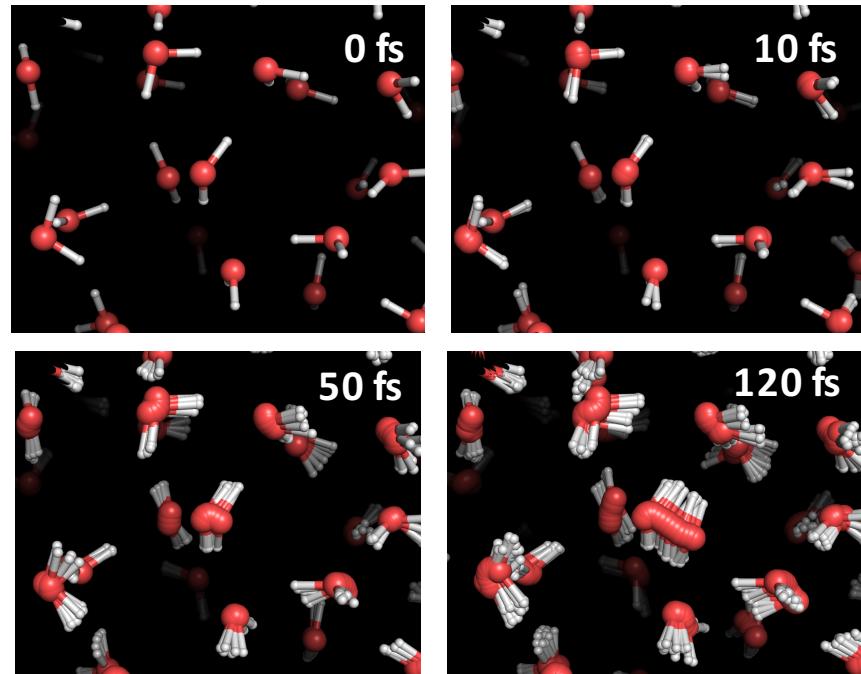
Gaia Camisasca

Pure Ballistic motion



- Thermal fluctuations
- Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution

Molecular dynamics (MD)



TIP4P/2005 : rigid planar model, 4-site
MB/pol : flexible, polarizable, many-body

TIP4P/2005: J. L. F. Abascal and C. Vega
J. Chem. Phys. **123**, 234505 (2005)

MB/pol: Reddy et al ... F. Paesani
J. Chem. Phys. **145**, 194504 (2016)

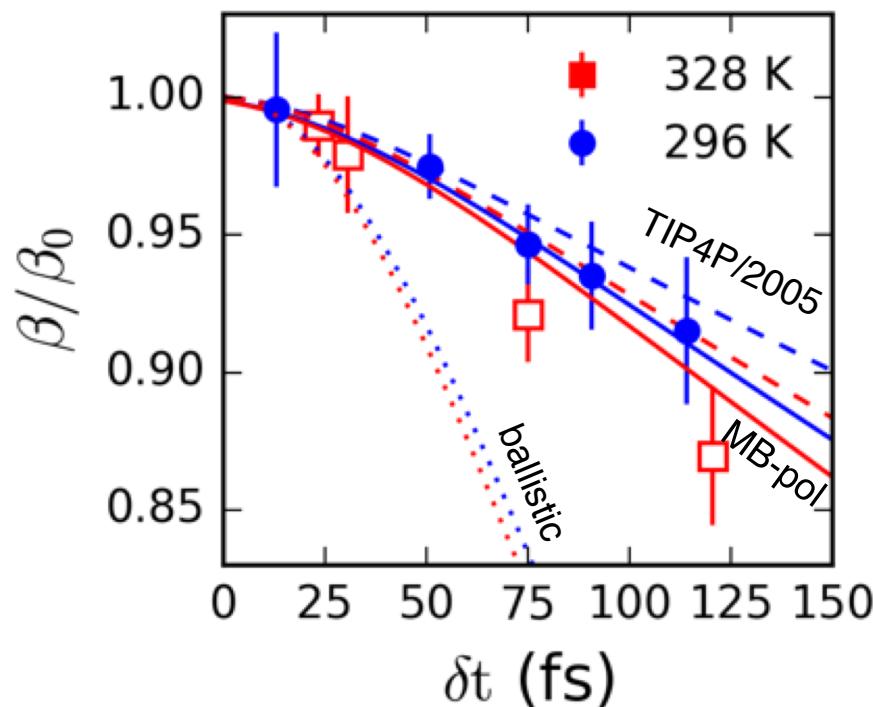
Comparison with experiment

XSVS:
Siegeart relation

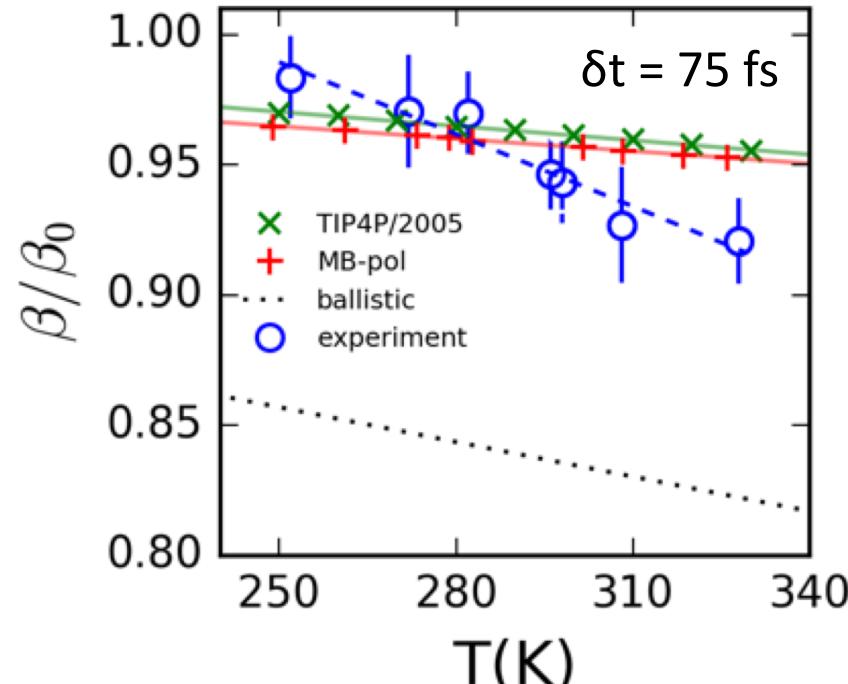
$$\beta(Q, \delta t) = 2 \cdot \beta_0 \int_0^{\delta t} \left(1 - \frac{t}{\delta t}\right) |F(Q, t)|^2 \frac{dt}{\delta t}$$

Dixon & Durian
PRL 90, 184302 (2003)

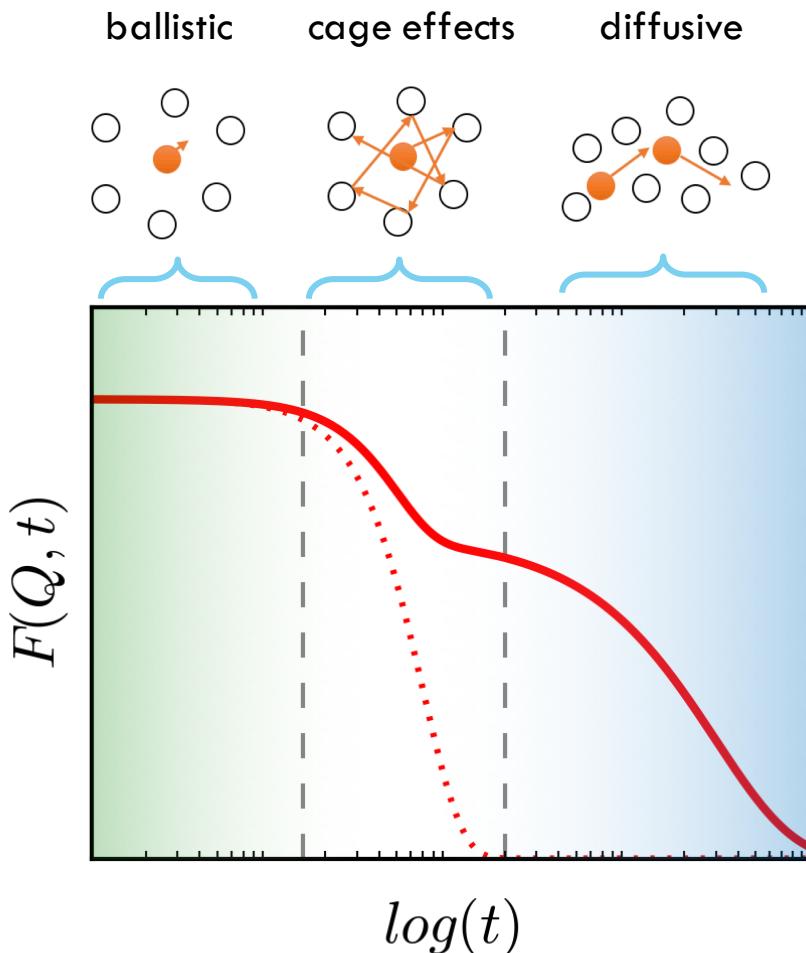
Pulse duration dependence



Temperature dependence



Take-home message II:



- Probing the transition from **pure ballistic** motion to **diffusion**
- **cage effects**: increased occupation time within the first solvation shell due to O-O oscillations **after 25 fs.**

Foivos Perakis

Chemical Physics



Stockholm
University

Rafat Yousif
Maddalena Bin
Sudipta Das
Sharon Berkowicz
Ifi Tsironi



J. Sellberg
T. Karpouzoglou



G. Gruebel
F. Lehmkühler
W. Roseker
A. Jain



TJ Lane
S. Song
A. Robert
D. Zhu

Thank you for your attention!

