## X-ray Photoemission Spectroscopy

### Gerd Schönhense

Institut für Physik, Johannes Gutenberg Universität D-55128 Mainz, Germany



https://www.komet334.physik.uni-mainz.de/ https://www.surface-concept.com







http://gst-mbh.com

### **Outline:**

## <u>Method</u>: Time-of-flight momentum microscopy (ToF-MM)

**3D**  $(E_{\rm B}, k_{\rm x}, k_{\rm y})$  recording

**Modes of operation** in soft and hard X-ray ranges:

- *k*-space tomography 4D (*E*<sub>B</sub>,*k*)
- **XPD** photoelectron diffraction probes geometrical structure
- SPIN mapping
- **PEEM** (real space imaging)
- **XPS** (chemical analysis in ToF survey mode)

<u>Why @ FREIA ?</u>

### **Specifications**

### <u>3D Recording Method: $k_x$ - $k_y$ imaging + ToF energy recording</u>



#### 4D-mapping: I (E<sub>B</sub>, k<sub>x</sub>, k<sub>y</sub>, k<sub>z</sub>) "k-space tomography" Not necessary to know in advance where in 4D (E<sub>B</sub>,k) (a) parameter-space the 447 eV 6.75 G110 1293 eV interesting physics happens hv (eV) 1293 k, 1200 -2 0 2 -2 -1 3.79 G<sub>110</sub> 401 eV 6.50 G<sub>110</sub> 1200 eV 0 -2 2 $k_{\rm x}$ 4.52 G<sub>110</sub> 574 eV 3.58 G<sub>110</sub> 357 eV $E_{n}=0 \text{ eV}$ electron balls m at the central m -1 octahedron -2 -2 L -2 1 -1 0 -2 -1 0 2 3.32 G<sub>110</sub> hv=306 eV 4.31 G<sub>110</sub> 521 eV ellipsoidal hole • G<sub>110</sub> pockets κ, $K_{v}$ -2 -1 0 1 -2 k<sub>z</sub> tungsten $k_{s}(\overline{\Gamma N}), A^{-1}$

#### via photon-energy scan

#### **k**-ToF @ PO4 (Petra III)



O. Fedchenko et al., New Journal of Physics 21, (2019)

### 4D-mapping: $I(E_B, k_x, k_y, k_z)$ "k-space tomography"

#### <u>Measured Fermi surfaces incl. $v_F(k)$ </u>

ΓALM

#### via photon-energy scan

 $\boldsymbol{\nu}_F = \frac{1}{\hbar} \boldsymbol{\nabla}_k E(k)|_{E=E_F}$ <u>k<sub>z</sub> scan:</u> 20 3D-stacks concatenated Nat. Materials 16, 615 (2017) W െ<sup>v</sup>₌10°m/s ഗ ċη (c) lr Мо Tk<sub>z</sub> Ultramicroscopy Comms.Phys. 2, **183**, 19 (2017) 107 (2019) Re Phys. Rev. Research 2,013296 (2020)

#### **k**-ToF @ PO4 (Petra III)



### hXPD: How does it work?





### Hard X-ray photoelectron diffraction hXPD

<u>Dilute Ferromagnetic Semiconductors:</u> What is the origin of ferromagnetism? Mn sites in hyper-doped regime?



p-d Zener model vs impurity model



### **Imaging Spin Filter: How does it work?**



### Spin-texture mapping in soft X-ray range

 $hv = 460 \, eV$ 



### Spin texture mapping in various spectral ranges







### time-resolved **5D**-mapping: $I(E_B, k_x, k_y, k_z, \tau)$



### Why Momentum Microscope ?

- Ultra-efficient 3D detection: (k<sub>x</sub>, k<sub>y</sub>) imaging + E<sub>kin</sub> ToF measurement
- Large tunable k-field of view: <2...>20 Å<sup>-1</sup>
- High k resolution: ~10<sup>-2</sup> Å<sup>-1</sup> angular resolution: 0.03°
- Large energy window: 5-10 eV (high res.); >100 eV (low res.)
- High energy resolution: ~15 meV (low-energy ARPES) ~30 meV (soft x-ray ARPES) 40 meV ToF-resolution @ 5977 eV



# ToF & bandpass filter

Rev. Sci. Instrum. in print (e-print on arXiv2007.16095)



**THANKS FOR LISTENING, STAY SAFE !** 

Sergey Chernov